XC6701 Series

28V Operation High Speed Voltage Regulators with Stand-by Function

■GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XC6701 series are positive voltage regulator ICs manufactured using CMOS process with 28V of operation voltage. The series consists of a voltage reference, an error amplifier, a current limiter, a thermal shutdown circuit and a phase compensation circuit plus a driver transistor.
The output voltage is selectable in 0.1V increments within the range of 1.8V to 18V which fixed by laser trimming technologies. The output stabilization capacitor (C_L) is also compatible with low ESR ceramic capacitors.
The over current protection circuit and the thermal shutdown circuit are built-in. These two protection circuits will operate when the output current reaches current limit level or the junction temperature reaches temperature limit level.
The CE function enables the output to be turned off and the IC becomes a stand-by mode resulting in greatly reduced power consumption. Packages are selectable depending on the applications from SOT-25, SOT-89, SOT-89-5, USP-6C, SOT-223, and TO-252.

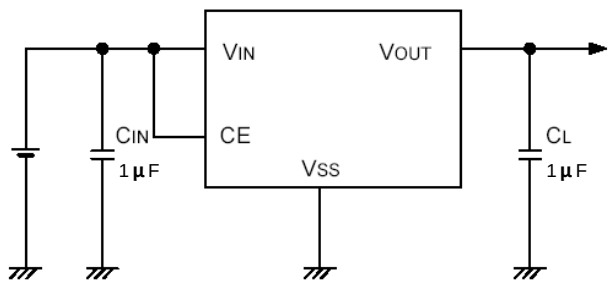
■APPLICATIONS

- ●Car audio, Car navigation systems
- ●Note book computers, PDAs
- ●Home appliances
- ●Audio visuals, Digital cameras, Video cameras
- ●Cordless phones, Wireless communication

■FEATURES

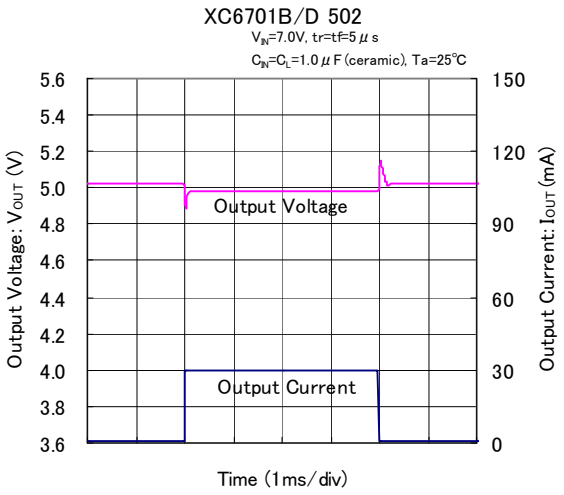
Max Output Current	: More than 150mA (200mA limit) (V_{IN}=$V_{OUT(T)}$+3.0V)
Dropout Voltage	: 300mV@I_{OUT}=20mA
Input Voltage Range	: 2.0V~28.0V
Output Voltage Range	: 1.8V~18.0V (100mV increments)
High Accuracy	:±2%
Low Power Consumption	: 50μA ($V_{OUT(T)}$=5.0V)
Stand-by Current	: Less than 0.1μA
High Ripple Rejection	: 50dB@1kHz
Operating Temperature	: -40℃~+85℃
Low ESR Capacitor	: Ceramic Capacitor Compatible (Internal Phase Compensation)
Small Packages	: SOT-25, SOT-89, SOT-89-5, USP-6C, SOT-223, TO-252

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

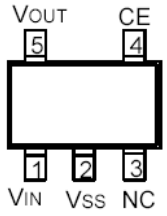


XC6701B Series
with CE function

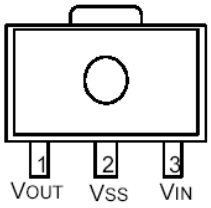
■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



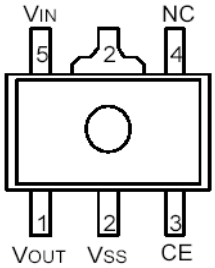
■PIN CONFIGURATION



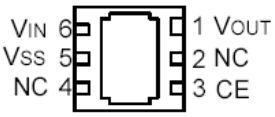
SOT-25
(TOP VIEW)



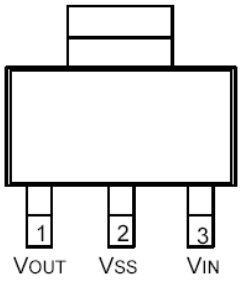
SOT-89
(TOP VIEW)



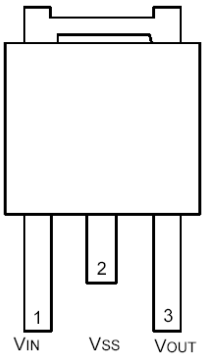
SOT-89-5
(TOP VIEW)



USP-6C
(BOTTOM VIEW)



SOT-223
(TOP VIEW)



TO-252
(TOP VIEW)

* The dissipation pad for the USP-6C package should be solder-plated in recommended mount pattern and metal masking so as to enhance mounting strength and heat release. If the pad needs to be connected to other pins, it should be connected to the VSS (No. 5) pin.

■PIN ASSIGNMENT

●XC6701B Series

PIN NUMBER			PIN NAME	FUNCTIONS
SOT-25	SOT-89-5	USP-6C		
1	5	6	VIN	Power Input
2	2	5	VSS	Ground
3	4	2, 4	NC	No connection
4	3	3	CE	ON/OFF Control
5	1	1	VOUT	Output

●XC6701D Series

PIN NUMBER			PIN NAME	FUNCTIONS
SOT-89	SOT-223	TO-252		
3	3	1	VIN	Power Input
2	2	2	VSS	Ground
1	1	3	VOUT	Output

■ PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

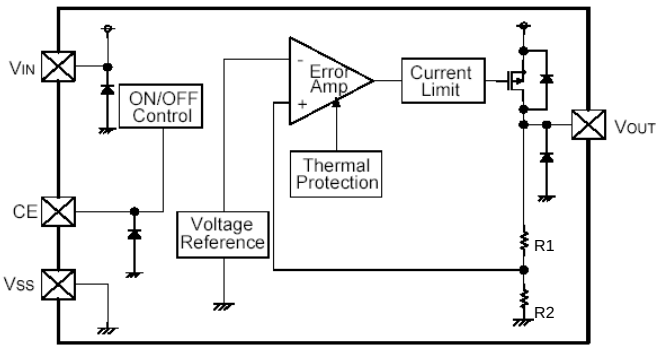
●Ordering Information

XC6701①②③④⑤⑥

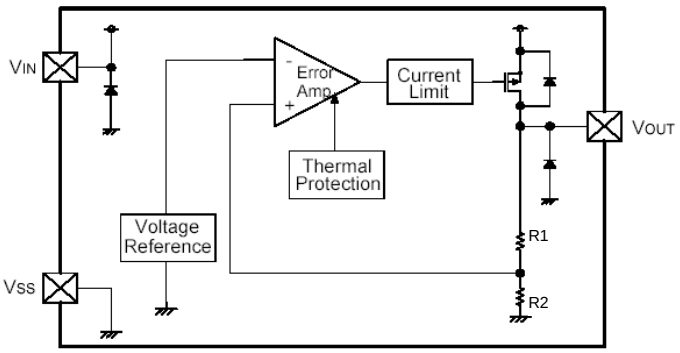
DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
①	Type and Options of Regulators	B	: Fixed output voltage with CE function (High Active)
		D	: Fixed output voltage with no CE function
②③	Output Voltage	18 ~ 99	: For the voltage within 1.8V ~9.9V; e.g. 2.5V ⇒ 25 5.0V ⇒ 50
		A ~ H, J	: For the voltage above 10.0V; e.g. 11.6V ⇒ B6 15.2V ⇒ F2 18.0V ⇒ J0
④	Output Voltage Accuracy	2	: Output voltage 100mV increments, within ±2% accuracy e.g. 2.5V ⇒ ②=2, ③=5, ④=2
⑤	Packages	M	: SOT-25 (for B type only)
		P	: SOT-89 (for D type only)
		P	: SOT-89-5 (for B type only)
		E	: USP-6C (for B type only)
		F	: SOT-223 (for D type only)
		J	: TO-252 (for D type only)
⑥	Device Orientation	R	: Embossed tape, standard feed
		L	: Embossed tape, reverse feed

■ BLOCK DIAGRAMS

●XC6701B Series
(SOT-25, SOT-89-5, USP-6C)



●XC6701D Series
(SOT-89, SOT-223, TO-252)



■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

●XC6701B Series

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Input Voltage		V_{IN}	V_{SS}-0.3~30	V
Output Current		I_{OUT}	300 (*1)	mA
Output Voltage		V_{OUT}	V_{SS}-0.3~V_{IN}+0.3	V
CE Input Voltage		V_{CE}	V_{SS}-0.3~30	V
Power Dissipation	SOT-25	Pd	250	mW (T_J=25℃)
			600(wiring on the PCB) *2	
	SOT-89-5		500	
			1300(wiring on the PCB) *2	
	USP-6C		100	
			1000(wiring on the PCB) *2	
Operating Temperature Range		Topr	-40~+85	℃
Storage Temperature Range		Tstg	-55~+125	℃

*1: $I_{OUT} \leqq Pd / (V_{IN}-V_{OUT})$

*2: The values of power dissipation is a reference data at wiring on the PCB. Please see the condition in page 27.

●XC6701D Series

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Input Voltage		V_{IN}	V_{SS}-0.3~30	V
Output Current		I_{OUT}	300 (*1)	mA
Output Voltage		V_{OUT}	V_{SS}-0.3~V_{IN}+0.3	V
Power Dissipation	SOT-89	Pd	500	mW (T_J=25℃)
	SOT-223		300	
			1500(wiring on the PCB) *2	
	TO-252		500	
Operating Temperature Range		Topr	-40~+85	℃
Storage Temperature Range		Tstg	-55~+125	℃

*1: $I_{OUT} \leqq Pd / (V_{IN}-V_{OUT})$

*2: The values of power dissipation is a reference data at wiring on the PCB. Please see the condition in page 27.

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

●XC6701B Series

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	Ta=+25℃			UNIT	CIRCUIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT(E)}$	I_{OUT}=10mA, V_{CE}=V_{IN}		E-0		V	①
Maximum Output Current	I_{OUTMAX}	V_{IN}= $V_{OUT(T)}$+3.0V , V_{CE}=V_{IN} ($V_{OUT(T)}$≧3.0V)	150	-	-	mA	①
		V_{IN}=$V_{OUT(T)}$+3.0V, V_{CE}=V_{IN} ($V_{OUT(T)}$＜3.0V)	100	-	-	mA	①
Load Regulation	△V_{OUT}	1mA≦I_{OUT}≦50mA , V_{CE}=V_{IN} 1.8V≦$V_{OUT(T)}$≦5.0V	-	50	90	mV	①
		1mA≦I_{OUT}≦50mA , V_{CE}=V_{IN} 5.1V≦$V_{OUT(T)}$≦12.0V	-	110	175		
		1mA≦I_{OUT}≦50mA , V_{CE}=V_{IN} 12.1V≦$V_{OUT(T)}$≦18.0V	-	180	275		
Dropout Voltage 1	Vdif1	I_{OUT}=20mA, V_{CE}=V_{IN}		E-2		mV	①
Dropout Voltage 2	Vdif2	I_{OUT}=100mA ,V_{CE}=V_{IN}		E-3		mV	①
Supply Current	I_{SS}	1.8V≦$V_{OUT(T)}$≦5.0V	11	50	105	μA	②
		5.1V≦$V_{OUT(T)}$≦12.0V	11	60	115		
		12.1V≦$V_{OUT(T)}$≦18.0V	11	65	125		
Stand-by Current	Istby	V_{CE}=V_{SS}	-	0.01	0.10	μA	②
Line Regulation 1	△V_{OUT} / △V_{IN}·$V_{OUT(T)}$	$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V≦V_{IN}≦28.0V I_{OUT}=5mA , V_{CE}=V_{IN}	-	0.05	0.10	%/V	①
Line Regulation 2	△V_{OUT} / △V_{IN}·$V_{OUT(T)}$	$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V≦V_{IN}≦28.0V I_{OUT}=13mA , V_{CE}=V_{IN}	-	0.15	0.30	%/V	①
Input Voltage	V_{IN}		2.0	-	28.0	V	-
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	△V_{OUT} / △Ta·$V_{OUT(T)}$	I_{OUT}=20mA, V_{CE}=V_{IN} -40℃≦Ta≦85℃	-	±100	-	ppm/℃	①
Ripple Rejection Rate	PSRR	V_{IN}=[$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V]+0.5$V_{p\text{-}pAC}$ I_{OUT}=20mA , f=1kHz , V_{CE}=V_{IN}	-	50	-	dB	③
Short Current	Ishort	V_{IN}=$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V , V_{CE}=V_{IN}	-	40	-	mA	①
CE "H" Level Voltage	V_{CEH}	V_{IN}=28.0V	1.1	-	V_{IN}	V	①
CE "L" Level Voltage	V_{CEL}	V_{IN}=28.0V	0	-	0.35	V	①
CE "H" Level Current	I_{CEH}	V_{IN}=V_{CE}=28.0V	-0.1	-	0.1	μA	①
CE "L" Level Current	I_{CEL}	V_{IN}=28.0V, V_{CE}=V_{SS}	-0.1	-	0.1	μA	①
Thermal Shutdown Detect Temperature	T_{TSD}	Junction Temperature	-	150	-	℃	①
Thermal Shutdown Release Temperature	T_{TSR}	Junction Temperature	-	125	-	℃	①
Hysteresis Width	T_{TSD}-T_{TSR}	Junction Temperature	-	25	-	℃	-

NOTE:

*1: $V_{OUT(T)}$: Specified output voltage

*2: $V_{OUT(E)}$: Effective output voltage

(i.e. the output voltage when "$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V" is provided at the V_{IN} pin while maintaining a certain I_{OUT} value.)

*3: Vdif={V_{IN1}[Note 5] - V_{OUT1} [Note 4]}

*4: V_{OUT1}: A voltage equal to 98% of the output voltage whenever an amply stabilized when $V_{OUT(T)}$ < 3.0V, I_{OUT}{$V_{OUT(T)}$+3.0V} is input.

: A voltage equal to 98% of the output voltage whenever an amply stabilized when $V_{OUT(T)}$≧3.0V, I_{OUT}{$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V} is input.

*5: V_{IN1}: The input voltage when V_{OUT1} appears as input voltage is gradually decreased.

*6: Unless otherwise stated, V_{IN}=$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V.

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

●XC6701D Series

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	Ta=+25℃			UNIT	CIRCUIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT(E)}$	I_{OUT}=10mA	E-0			V	①
Maximum Output Current	I_{OUTMAX}	V_{IN}= $V_{OUT(T)}$+3.0V ($V_{OUT(T)}$≧3.0V)	150	-	-	mA	①
		V_{IN}=$V_{OUT(T)}$+3.0V ($V_{OUT(T)}$＜3.0V)	100	-	-	mA	①
Load Regulation	△V_{OUT}	1mA≦I_{OUT}≦50mA 1.8V≦$V_{OUT(T)}$≦5.0V	-	50	90	mV	①
		1mA≦I_{OUT}≦50mA 5.1V≦$V_{OUT(T)}$≦12.0V	-	110	175		
		1mA≦I_{OUT}≦50mA 12.1V≦$V_{OUT(T)}$≦18.0V	-	180	275		
Dropout Voltage1	Vdif1	I_{OUT}=20mA	E-2			mV	①
Dropout Voltage2	Vdif2	I_{OUT} =100mA , V_{CE}=V_{IN}	E-3			mV	①
Supply Current	I_{SS}	1.8V≦$V_{OUT(T)}$≦5.0V	11	50	105	μA	②
		5.1V≦$V_{OUT(T)}$≦12.0V	11	60	115	μA	②
		12.1V≦$V_{OUT(T)}$≦18.0V	11	65	125		
Line Regulation1	△V_{OUT} / △V_{IN} • $V_{OUT(T)}$	$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V≦V_{IN}≦28.0V I_{OUT}=5mA	-	0.05	0.10	%/V	①
Line Regulation2	△V_{OUT} / △V_{IN} • $V_{OUT(T)}$	$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V≦V_{IN}≦28.0V I_{OUT}=13mA	-	0.15	0.30	%/V	①
Input Voltage	V_{IN}		2.0	-	28.0	V	-
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	△V_{OUT} / △Ta • $V_{OUT(T)}$	I_{OUT}=20mA -40℃≦Ta≦85℃	-	±100	-	ppm/℃	①
Ripple Rejection Rate	PSRR	V_{IN}=[$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V]+0.5$V_{p\text{-}pAC}$ I_{OUT}=20mA , f=1kHz	-	50	-	dB	③
Short Current	Ishort	V_{IN}=$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V	-	40	-	mA	①
Thermal Shutdown Detect Temperature	T_{TSD}	Junction Temperature	-	150	-	℃	①
Thermal Shutdown Release Temperature	T_{TSR}	Junction Temperature	-	125	-	℃	①
Hysteresis Width	T_{TSD}-T_{TSR}	Junction Temperature	-	25	-	℃	-

NOTE:

*1: $V_{OUT(T)}$: Specified output voltage

*2: $V_{OUT(E)}$: Effective output voltage

(i.e. the output voltage when "$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V" is provided at the V_{IN} pin while maintaining a certain I_{OUT} value.)

*3: Vdif={V_{IN1} {Note 5} - V_{OUT1} {Note 4}}

*4: V_{OUT1}: A voltage equal to 98% of the output voltage whenever an amply stabilized when $V_{OUT(T)}$ < 3.0V, I_{OUT}{$V_{OUT(T)}$+3.0V} is input.

: A voltage equal to 98% of the output voltage whenever an amply stabilized when $V_{OUT(T)}$≧3.0V, I_{OUT}{$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V} is input.

*5: V_{IN1}: The input voltage when V_{OUT1} appears as input voltage is gradually decreased.

*6: Unless otherwise stated, V_{IN}=$V_{OUT(T)}$+2.0V.

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

●Voltage Chart

SYMBOL	E-0		E-2		E-3	
PARAMETER / SETTING OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V) (2% products)		DROPOUT VOLTAGE 1 (mV) I_{OUT}=20mA		DROPOUT VOLTAGE 2 (mV) I_{OUT}=100mA	
$V_{OUT(T)}$	V_{OUT}		Vdif1		Vdif2	
(V)	MIN.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.
1.8	1.764	1.836	550	710	2200	2700
1.9	1.862	1.938	550	710	2200	2700
2.0	1.960	2.040	450	600	1900	2600
2.1	2.058	2.142	450	600	1900	2600
2.2	2.156	2.244	390	520	1700	2200
2.3	2.254	2.346	390	520	1700	2200
2.4	2.352	2.448	390	520	1700	2200
2.5	2.450	2.550	310	450	1500	1900
2.6	2.548	2.652	310	450	1500	1900
2.7	2.646	2.754	310	450	1500	1900
2.8	2.744	2.856	310	450	1500	1900
2.9	2.842	2.958	310	450	1500	1900
3.0	2.940	3.060	260	360	1300	1700
3.1	3.038	3.162	260	360	1300	1700
3.2	3.136	3.264	260	360	1300	1700
3.3	3.234	3.366	260	360	1300	1700
3.4	3.332	3.468	260	360	1300	1700
3.5	3.430	3.570	260	360	1300	1700
3.6	3.528	3.672	260	360	1300	1700
3.7	3.626	3.774	260	360	1300	1700
3.8	3.724	3.876	260	360	1300	1700
3.9	3.822	3.978	260	360	1300	1700
4.0	3.920	4.080	220	320	1100	1500
4.1	4.018	4.182	220	320	1100	1500
4.2	4.116	4.284	220	320	1100	1500
4.3	4.214	4.386	220	320	1100	1500
4.4	4.312	4.488	220	320	1100	1500
4.5	4.410	4.590	220	320	1100	1500
4.6	4.508	4.692	220	320	1100	1500
4.7	4.606	4.794	220	320	1100	1500
4.8	4.704	4.896	220	320	1100	1500
4.9	4.802	4.998	220	320	1100	1500
5.0	4.900	5.100	190	280	1000	1300
5.1	4.998	5.202	190	280	1000	1300
5.2	5.096	5.304	190	280	1000	1300
5.3	5.194	5.406	190	280	1000	1300
5.4	5.292	5.508	190	280	1000	1300
5.5	5.390	5.610	190	280	1000	1300
5.6	5.488	5.712	190	280	1000	1300
5.7	5.586	5.814	190	280	1000	1300
5.8	5.684	5.916	190	280	1000	1300
5.9	5.782	6.018	190	280	1000	1300
6.0	5.880	6.120	190	280	1000	1300

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

●Voltage Chart (Continued)

SYMBOL	E-0		E-2		E-3	
PARAMETER / SETTING OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V) (2% products)		DROPOUT VOLTAGE 1 (mV) I_{OUT}=20mA		DROPOUT VOLTAGE 2 (mV) I_{OUT}=100mA	
$V_{OUT(T)}$ (V)	V_{OUT}		Vdif1		Vdif2	
	MIN.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.
6.1	5.978	6.222	190	280	1000	1300
6.2	6.076	6.324	190	280	1000	1300
6.3	6.174	6.426	190	280	1000	1300
6.4	6.272	6.528	190	280	1000	1300
6.5	6.370	6.630	170	230	800	1150
6.6	6.468	6.732	170	230	800	1150
6.7	6.566	6.834	170	230	800	1150
6.8	6.664	6.936	170	230	800	1150
6.9	6.762	7.038	170	230	800	1150
7.0	6.860	7.140	170	230	800	1150
7.1	6.958	7.242	170	230	800	1150
7.2	7.056	7.344	170	230	800	1150
7.3	7.154	7.446	170	230	800	1150
7.4	7.252	7.548	170	230	800	1150
7.5	7.350	7.650	170	230	800	1150
7.6	7.448	7.752	170	230	800	1150
7.7	7.546	7.854	170	230	800	1150
7.8	7.644	7.956	170	230	800	1150
7.9	7.742	8.058	170	230	800	1150
8.0	7.840	8.160	170	230	800	1150
8.1	7.938	8.262	130	190	700	950
8.2	8.036	8.364	130	190	700	950
8.3	8.134	8.466	130	190	700	950
8.4	8.232	8.568	130	190	700	950
8.5	8.330	8.670	130	190	700	950
8.6	8.428	8.772	130	190	700	950
8.7	8.526	8.874	130	190	700	950
8.8	8.624	8.976	130	190	700	950
8.9	8.722	9.078	130	190	700	950
9.0	8.820	9.180	130	190	700	950
9.1	8.918	9.282	130	190	700	950
9.2	9.016	9.384	130	190	700	950
9.3	9.114	9.486	130	190	700	950
9.4	9.212	9.588	130	190	700	950
9.5	9.310	9.690	130	190	700	950
9.6	9.408	9.792	130	190	700	950
9.7	9.506	9.894	130	190	700	950
9.8	9.604	9.996	130	190	700	950
9.9	9.702	10.098	130	190	700	950
10.0	9.800	10.200	130	190	700	950

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

●Voltage Chart (Continued)

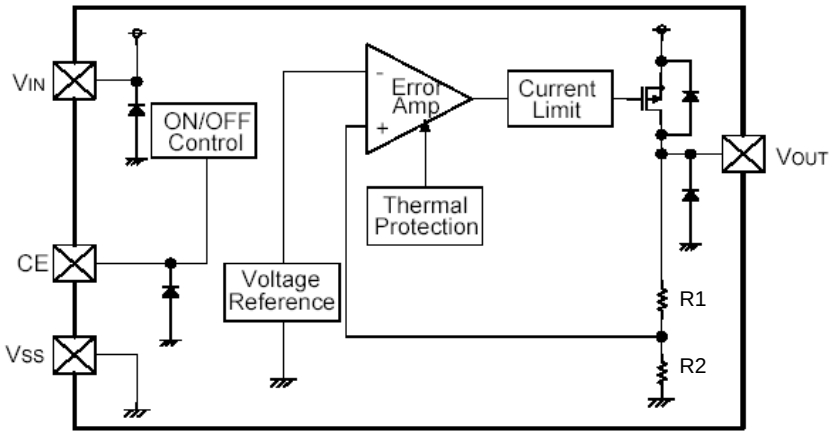
SYMBOL	E-0		E-1		E-2	
PARAMETER / SETTING OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V) (2% products)		DROPOUT VOLTAGE 1 (mV) I_{OUT}=20mA		DROPOUT VOLTAGE 2 (mV) I_{OUT}=100mA	
$V_{OUT(T)}$ (V)	V_{OUT}		Vdif1		Vdif2	
	MIN.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.
10.1	9.898	10.302	120	170	650	850
10.2	9.996	10.404	120	170	650	850
10.3	10.094	10.506	120	170	650	850
10.4	10.192	10.608	120	170	650	850
10.5	10.290	10.710	120	170	650	850
10.6	10.388	10.812	120	170	650	850
10.7	10.486	10.914	120	170	650	850
10.8	10.584	11.016	120	170	650	850
10.9	10.682	11.118	120	170	650	850
11.0	10.780	11.220	120	170	650	850
11.1	10.878	11.322	120	170	650	850
11.2	10.976	11.424	120	170	650	850
11.3	11.074	11.526	120	170	650	850
11.4	11.172	11.628	120	170	650	850
11.5	11.270	11.730	120	170	650	850
11.6	11.368	11.832	120	170	650	850
11.7	11.466	11.934	120	170	650	850
11.8	11.564	12.036	120	170	650	850
11.9	11.662	12.138	120	170	650	850
12.0	11.760	12.240	120	170	650	850
12.1	11.858	12.342	120	170	650	850
12.2	11.956	12.444	120	170	650	850
12.3	12.054	12.546	120	170	650	850
12.4	12.152	12.648	120	170	650	850
12.5	12.250	12.750	120	170	650	850
12.6	12.348	12.852	120	170	650	850
12.7	12.446	12.954	120	170	650	850
12.8	12.544	13.056	120	170	650	850
12.9	12.642	13.158	120	170	650	850
13.0	12.740	13.260	120	170	650	850
13.1	12.838	13.362	120	170	650	850
13.2	12.936	13.464	120	170	650	850
13.3	13.034	13.566	120	170	650	850
13.4	13.132	13.668	120	170	650	850
13.5	13.230	13.770	120	170	650	850
13.6	13.328	13.872	120	170	650	850
13.7	13.426	13.974	120	170	650	850
13.8	13.524	14.076	120	170	650	850
13.9	13.622	14.178	120	170	650	850
14.0	13.720	14.280	120	170	650	850

■OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHART (Continued)

●Voltage Chart (Continued)

SYMBOL	E-0		E-1		E-2	
PARAMETER / SETTING OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V) (2% products)		DROPOUT VOLTAGE 1 (mV) I_{OUT}=20mA		DROPOUT VOLTAGE 2 (mV) I_{OUT}=100mA	
$V_{OUT(T)}$ (V)	V_{OUT}		Vdif1		Vdif2	
	MIN.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.
14.1	13.818	14.382	120	170	650	850
14.2	13.916	14.484	120	170	650	850
14.3	14.014	14.586	120	170	650	850
14.4	14.112	14.688	120	170	650	850
14.5	14.210	14.790	120	170	650	850
14.6	14.308	14.892	120	170	650	850
14.7	14.406	14.994	120	170	650	850
14.8	14.504	15.096	120	170	650	850
14.9	14.602	15.198	120	170	650	850
15.0	14.700	15.300	120	170	650	850
15.1	14.798	15.402	120	170	650	850
15.2	14.896	15.504	120	170	650	850
15.3	14.994	15.606	120	170	650	850
15.4	15.092	15.708	120	170	650	850
15.5	15.190	15.810	120	170	650	850
15.6	15.288	15.912	120	170	650	850
15.7	15.386	16.014	120	170	650	850
15.8	15.484	16.116	120	170	650	850
15.9	15.582	16.218	120	170	650	850
16.0	15.680	16.320	120	170	650	850
16.1	15.778	16.422	120	170	650	850
16.2	15.876	16.524	120	170	650	850
16.3	15.974	16.626	120	170	650	850
16.4	16.072	16.728	120	170	650	850
16.5	16.170	16.830	120	170	650	850
16.6	16.268	16.932	120	170	650	850
16.7	16.366	17.034	120	170	650	850
16.8	16.464	17.136	120	170	650	850
16.9	16.562	17.238	120	170	650	850
17.0	16.660	17.340	120	170	650	850
17.1	16.758	17.442	120	170	650	850
17.2	16.856	17.544	120	170	650	850
17.3	16.954	17.646	120	170	650	850
17.4	17.052	17.748	120	170	650	850
17.5	17.150	17.850	120	170	650	850
17.6	17.248	17.952	120	170	650	850
17.7	17.346	18.054	120	170	650	850
17.8	17.444	18.156	120	170	650	850
17.9	17.542	18.258	120	170	650	850
18.0	17.640	18.360	120	170	650	850

■ OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION



<Output Voltage Control>

The voltage divided by resistors R1 & R2 is compared with the internal reference voltage by the error amplifier. The P-channel MOSFET, which is connected to the VOUT pin, is then driven by the subsequent output signal. The output voltage at the VOUT pin is controlled and stabilized by a system of negative feedback. The current limit circuit and short protect circuit operate in relation to the level of output current and heat dissipation. Further, the IC's internal circuitry can be shutdown via the CE pin's signal.

<Short-Circuit Protection>

The XC6701 series includes a current fold-back circuit as a short circuit protection. When the load current reaches the current limit level, the current fold-back circuit operates and output voltage drops. The output voltage drops further and output current decreases. When the output pin is shorted, a current of about 30mA flows.

<CE Pin>

The IC's internal circuitry can be shutdown via the signal from the CE pin with the XC6701B series. In shutdown mode, output at the VOUT pin will be pulled down by R1 and R2 to the VSS level. Note that as the XC6701B series' operations will become unstable with the CE pin open. We suggest that you use this IC with either a VIN voltage or a VSS voltage input at the CE pin. If this IC is used with the correct specifications for the CE pin, the operational logic is fixed and the IC will operate normally. However, supply current may increase as a result of through current in the IC's internal circuitry if a medium voltage is applied.

<Thermal Shutdown>

When the junction temperature of the built-in driver transistor reaches the temperature limit level (150℃ TYP.), the thermal shutdown circuit operates and the driver transistor will be set to OFF. The IC resumes its operation when the thermal shutdown function is released and the IC's operation is automatically restored because the junction temperature drops to the level of the thermal shutdown release voltage.

<Minimum Operating Voltage>

For the stable operation of the IC, over 2.0V of input voltage is necessary. The output voltage may not be generated normally if the input voltage is less than 2.0V.

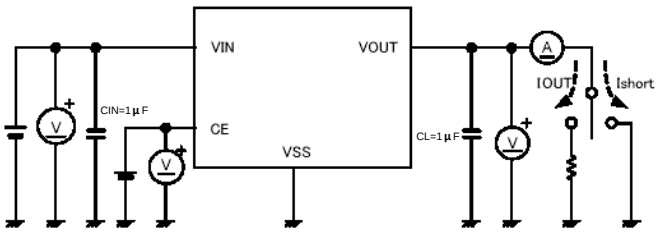
■ NOTES ON USE

1. Please use this IC within the stated absolute maximum ratings. The IC is liable to malfunction should the ratings be exceeded.
2. Where wiring impedance is high, operations may become unstable due to the noise and/or phase lag depending on output current. Please strengthen VIN and VSS wiring in particular.
3. Phase compensation inside the IC is performed in the XC6701 series. Therefore, an abnormal oscillation does not occur even if there is no output capacitor CL. An input capacitor CIN around 0.1μF~1.0μF between the VIN pin and the VSS pin is required for input stability. Also, the output voltage fluctuation such as under shoot or over shoot, which occurs because of the load change can be controlled by placing the output capacitor CL around 0.1μF~1.0μF between the VOUT pin and VSS pin. The input capacitor (CIN) and the output capacitor (CL) should be placed to the IC as close as possible with a shorter wiring.
4. When the IC is operated with no load, the output voltage may increase in the high temperature beyond operating range.

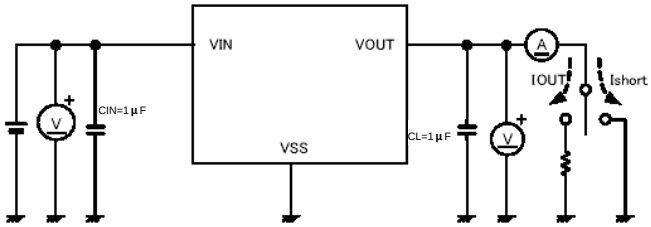
■ TEST CIRCUITS

Circuit ①

●XC6701B Series

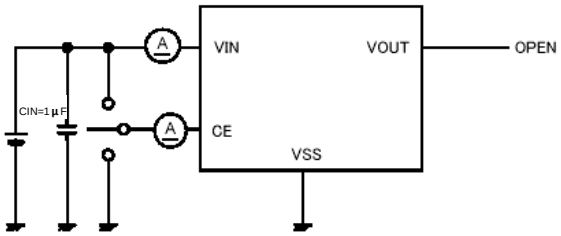


●XC6701D Series

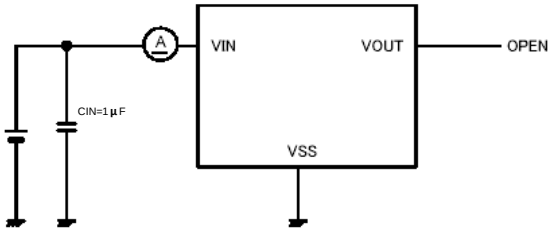


Circuit ②

●XC6701B Series

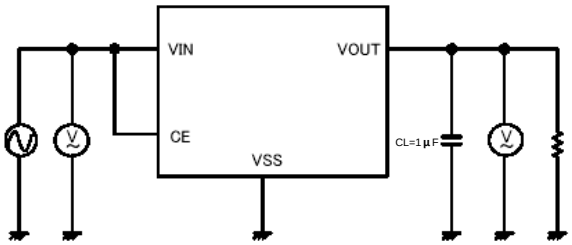


●XC6701D Series

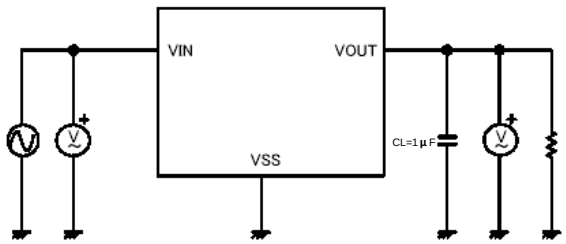


Circuit ③

●XC6701B Series



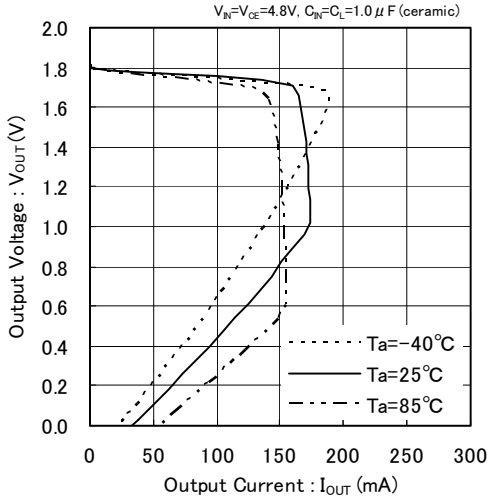
●XC6701D Series



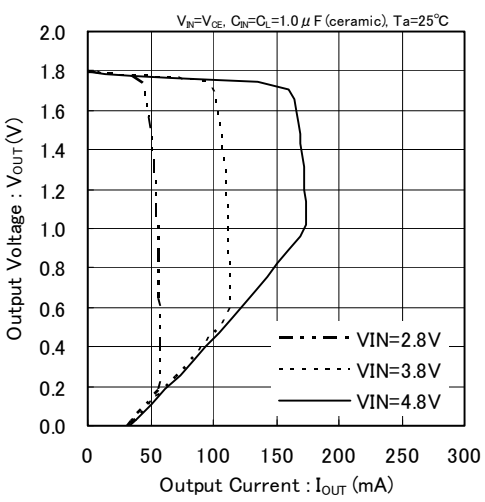
■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

(1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current

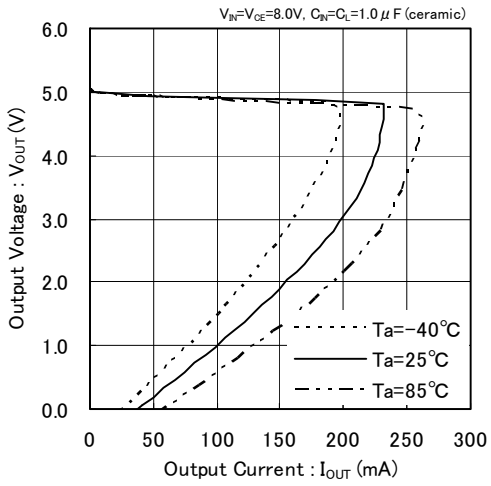
XC6701B/D 182



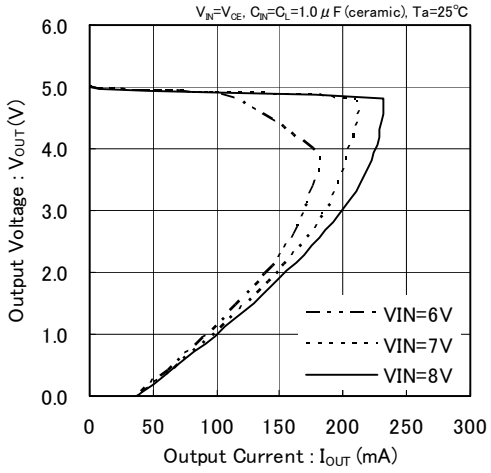
XC6701B/D 182



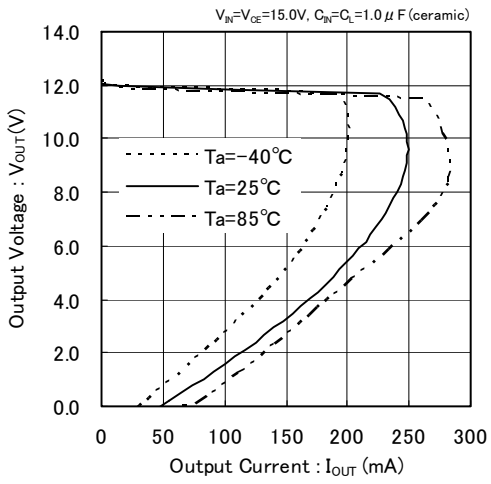
XC6701B/D 502



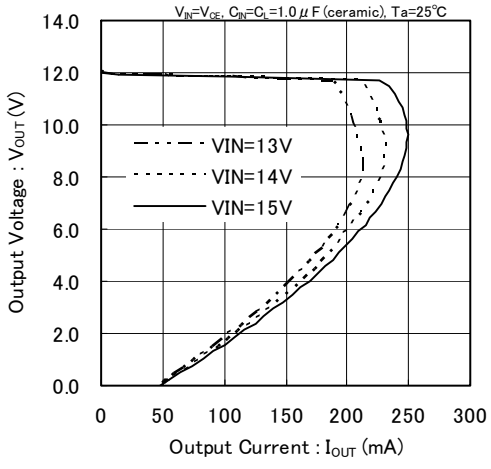
XC6701B/D 502



XC6701B/D C02



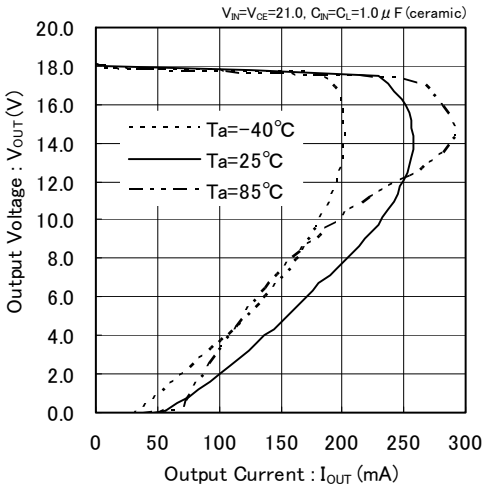
XC6701B/D C02



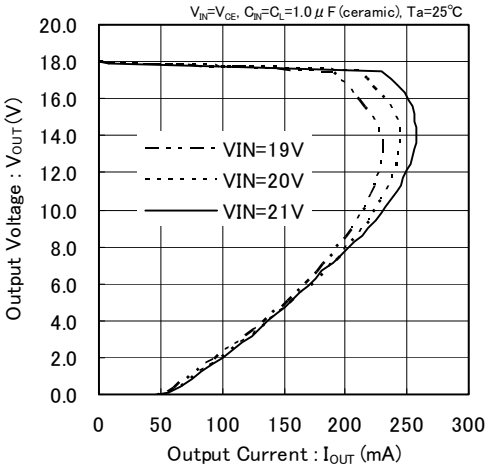
■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

（1） Output Voltage vs. Output Current (Continued)

XC6701B/D J02

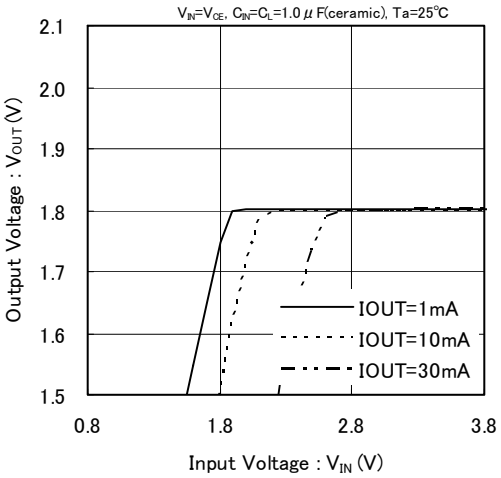


XC6701B/D J02

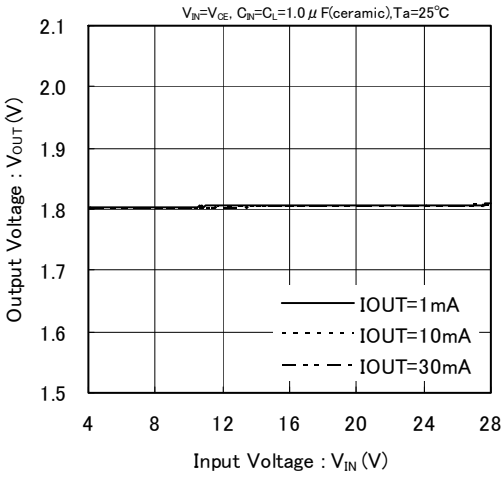


（2） Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

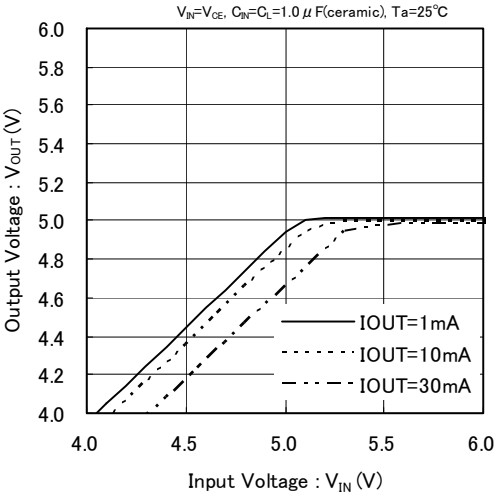
XC6701B/D 182



XC6701B/D 182



XC6701B/D 502



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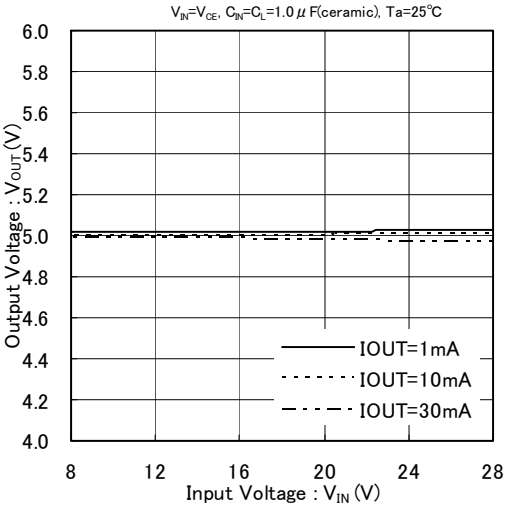
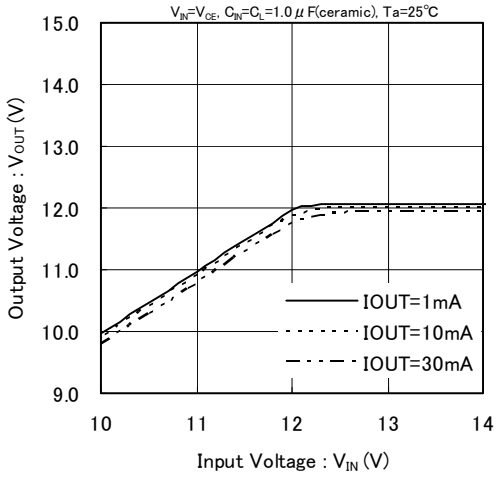


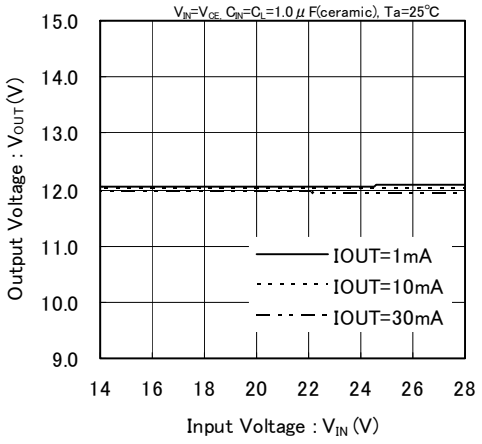
■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

（2） Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (Continued)

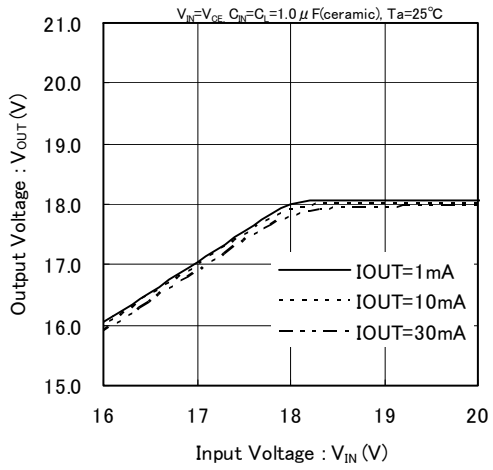
XC6701B/D C02



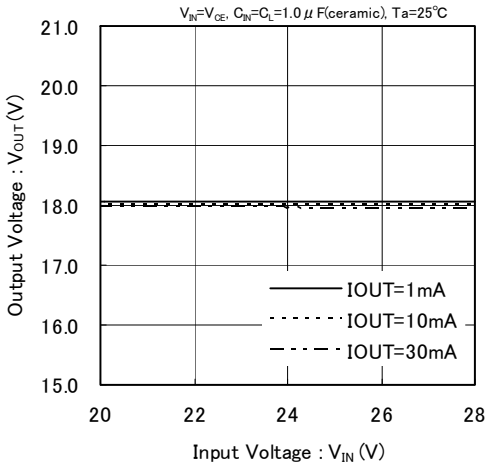
XC6701B/D C02



XC6701B/D J02

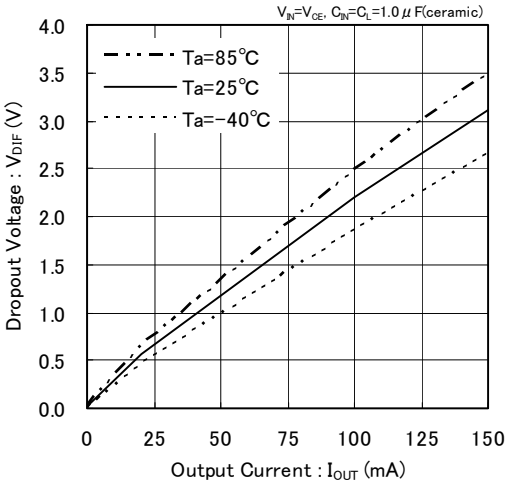


XC6701B/D J02

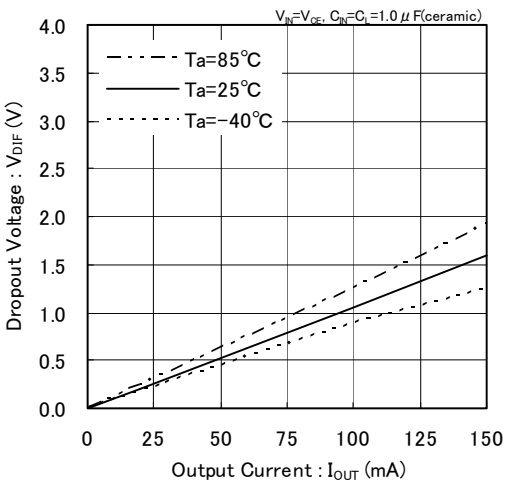


（3） Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

XC6701B/D 182



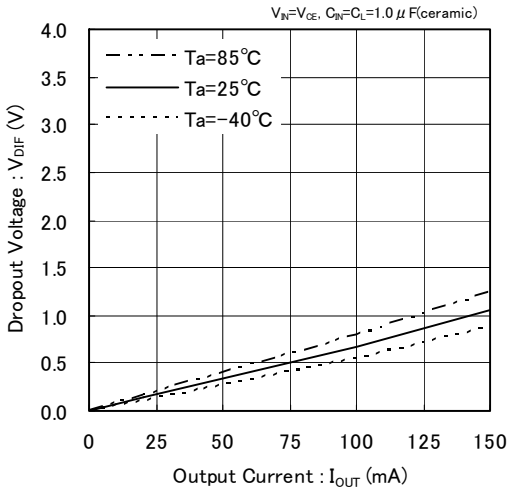
XC6701B/D 502



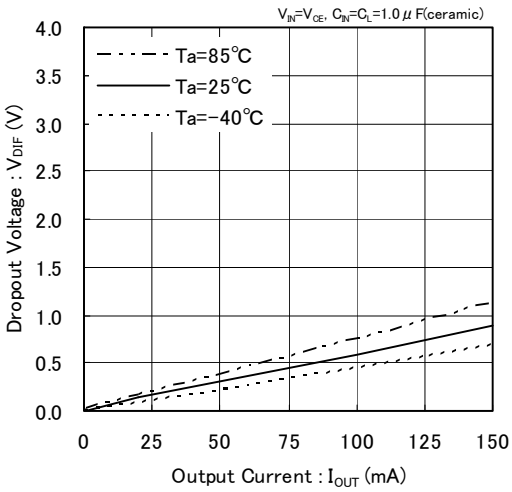
■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current (Continued)

XC6701B/D C02

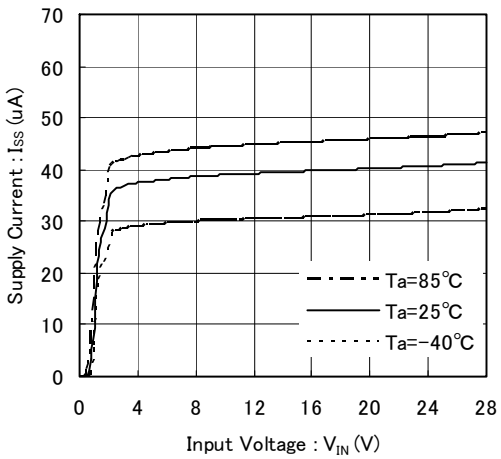


XC6701B/D J02

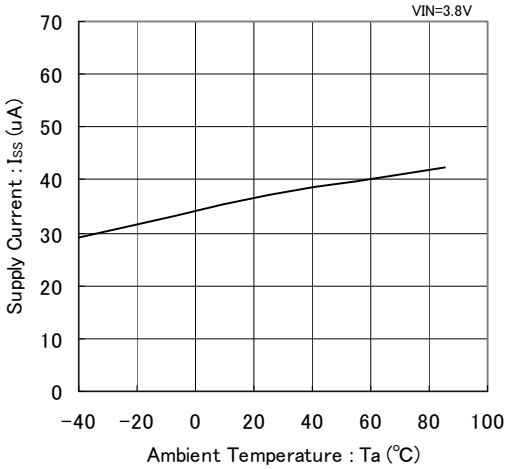


(4) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

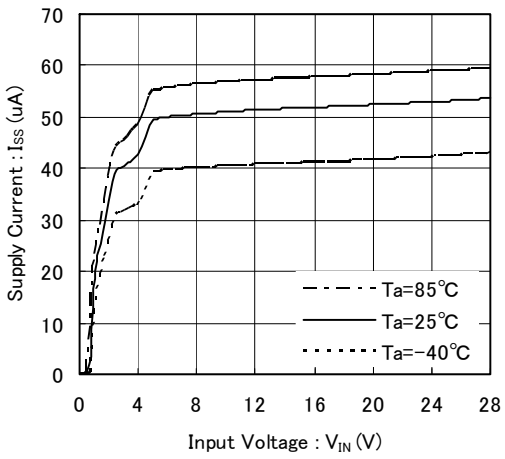
XC6701B/D 182



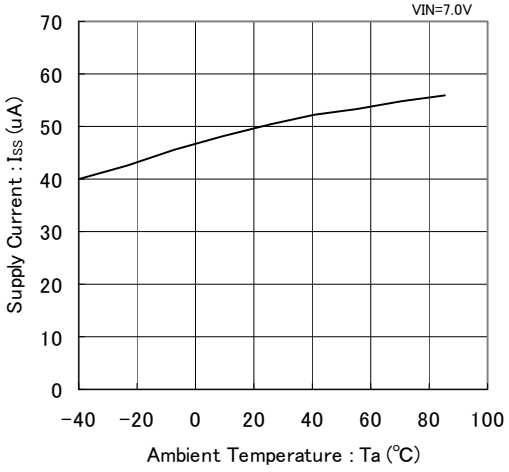
XC6701B/D 182



XC6701B/D 502



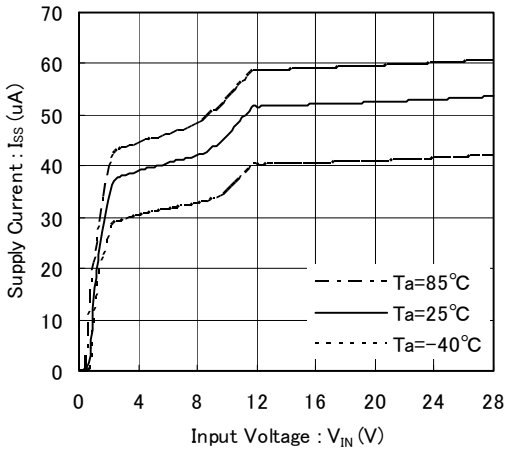
XC6701B/D 502



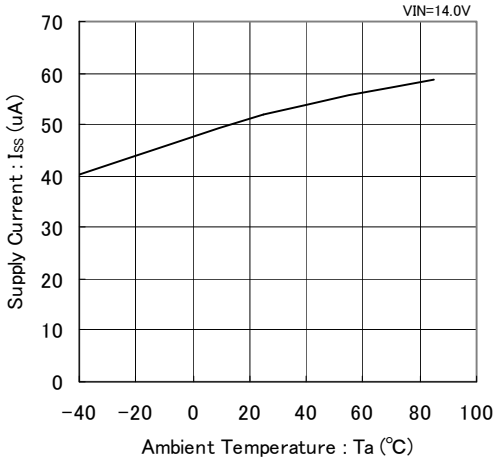
■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(4) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage (Continued)

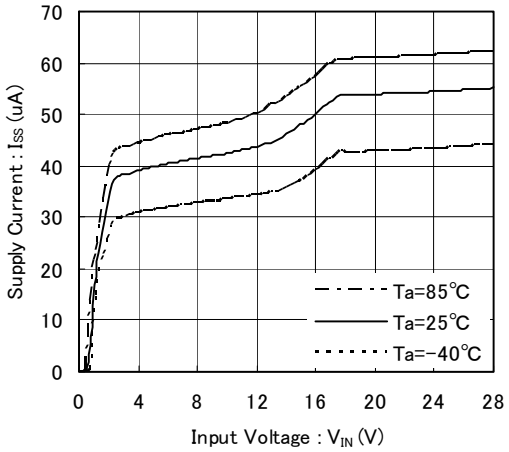
XC6701B/D C02



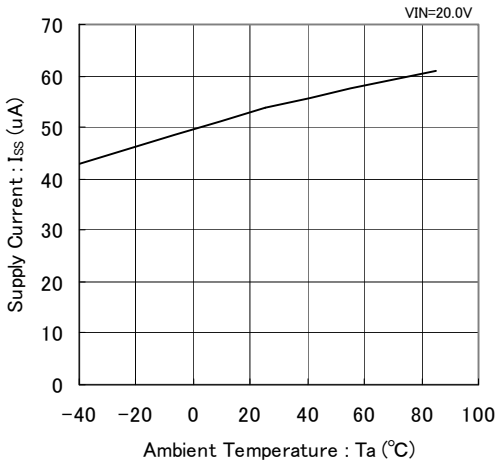
XC6701B/D C02



XC6701B/D J02

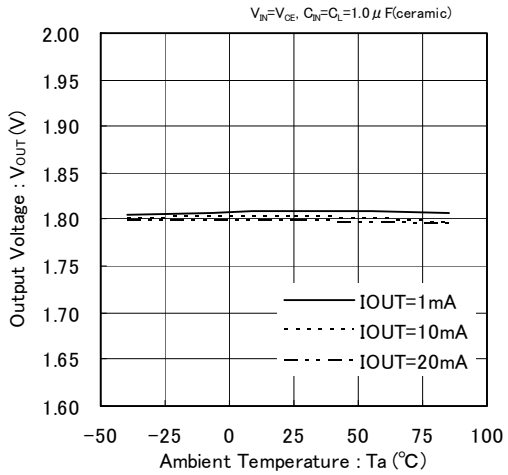


XC6701B/D J02

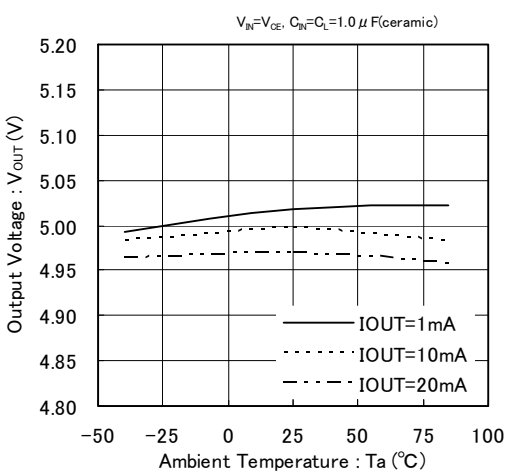


(5) Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

XC6701B/D 182



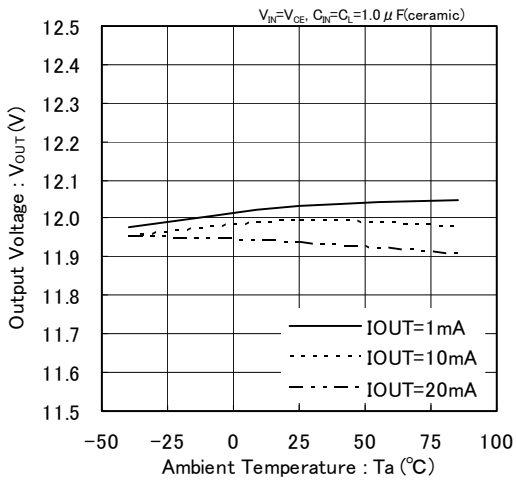
XC6701B/D 502



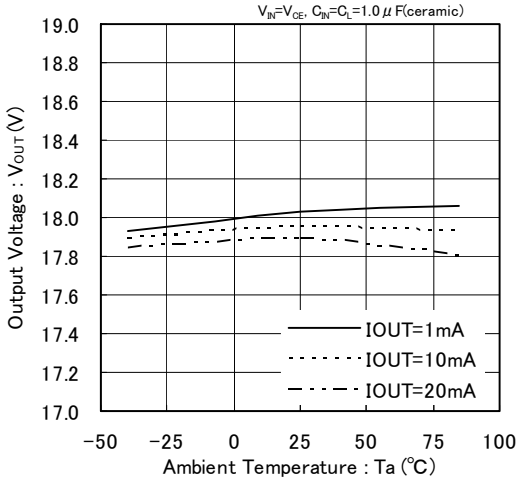
■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(5) Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (Continued)

XC6701B/D C02

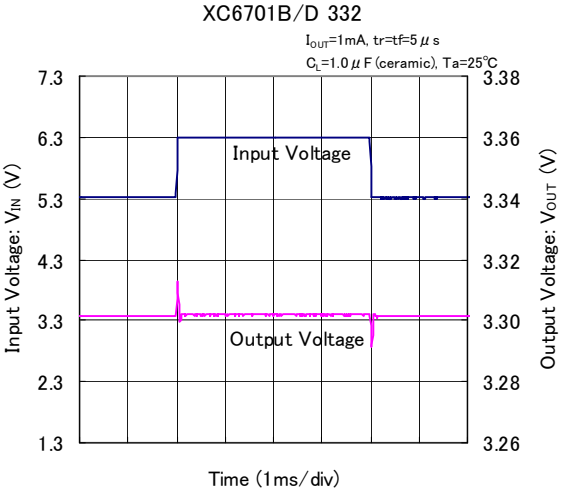


XC6701B/D J02

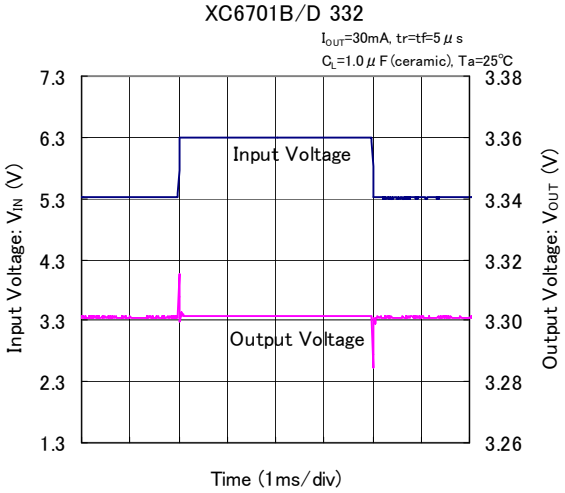


(6) Input Transient Response

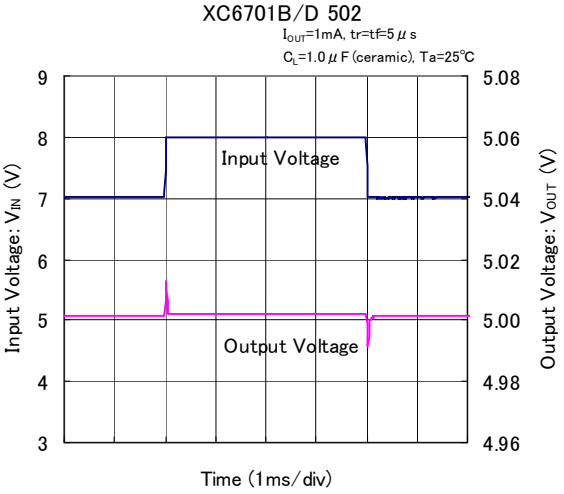
XC6701B/D 332



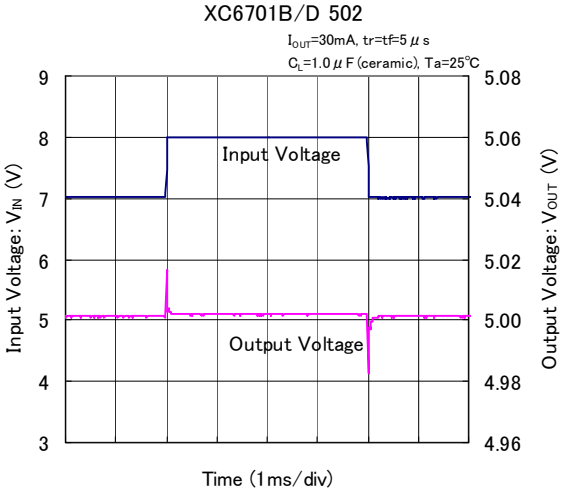
XC6701B/D 332



XC6701B/D 502

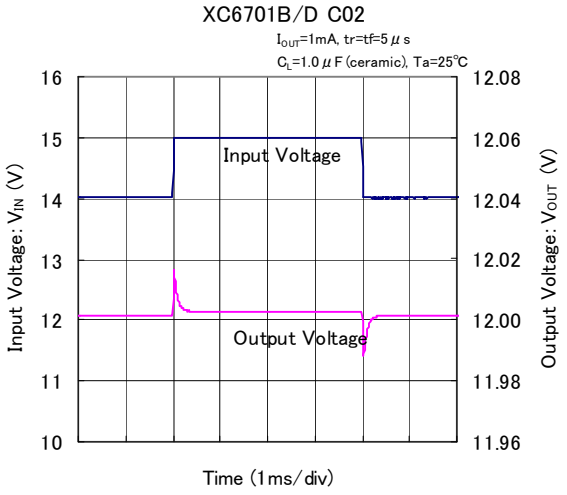


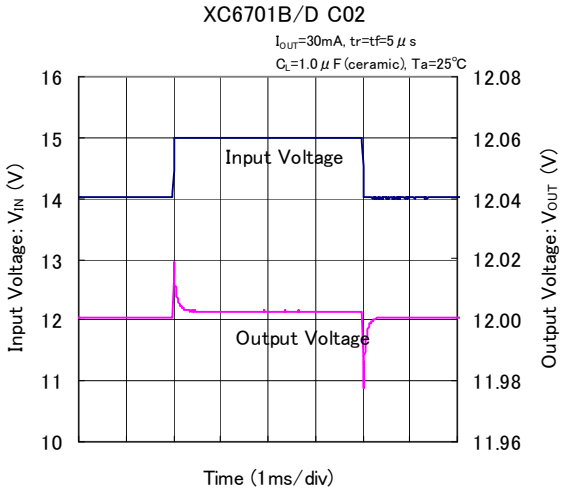
XC6701B/D 502

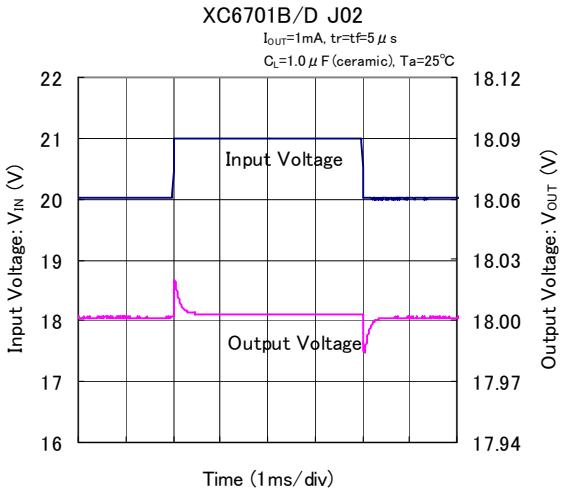


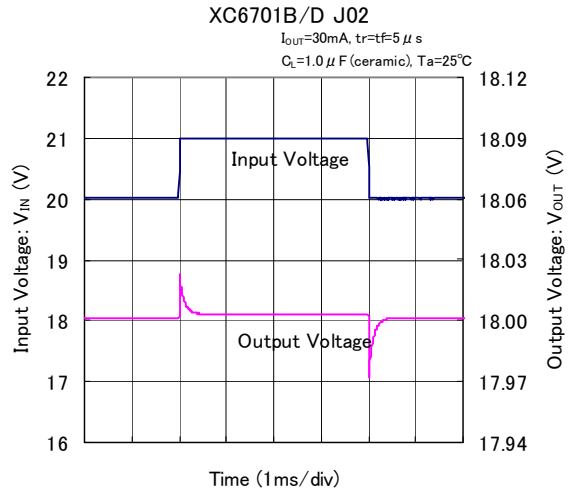
■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

（6）Input Transient Response (Continued)

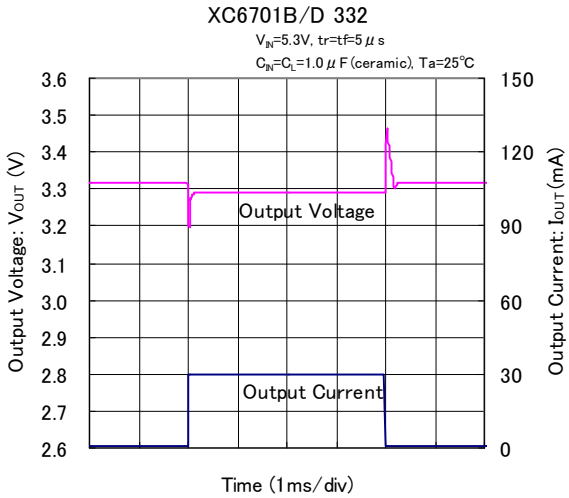


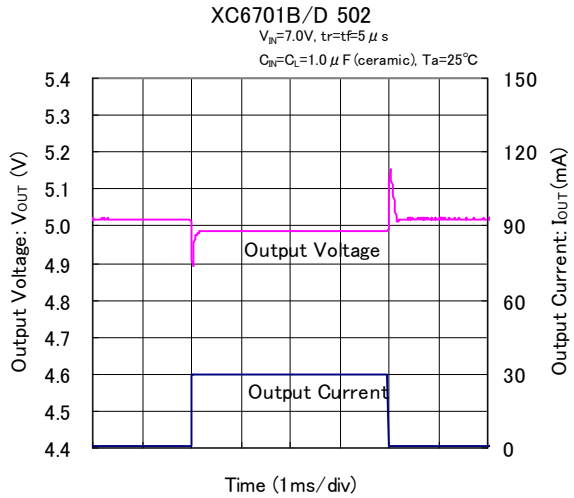






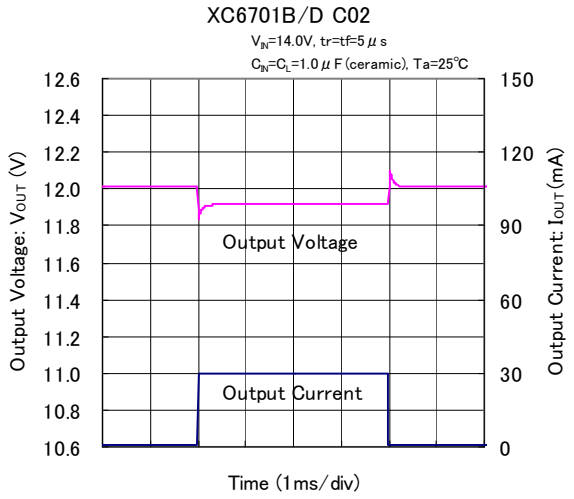
（7）Load Transient Response

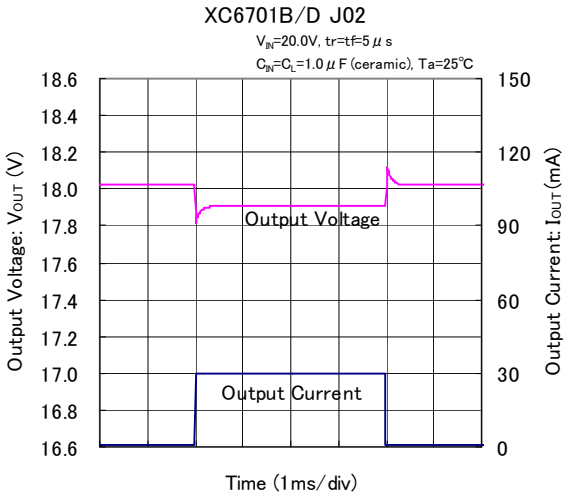




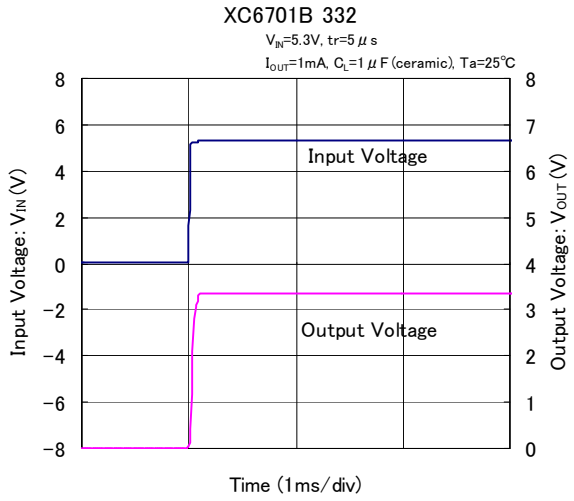
■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

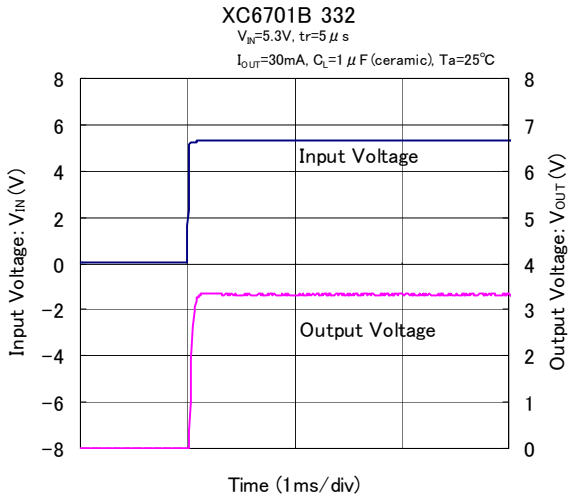
(7) Load Transient Response (Continued)

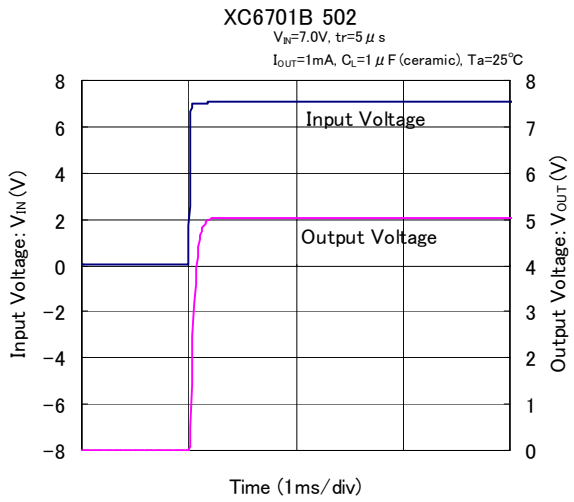


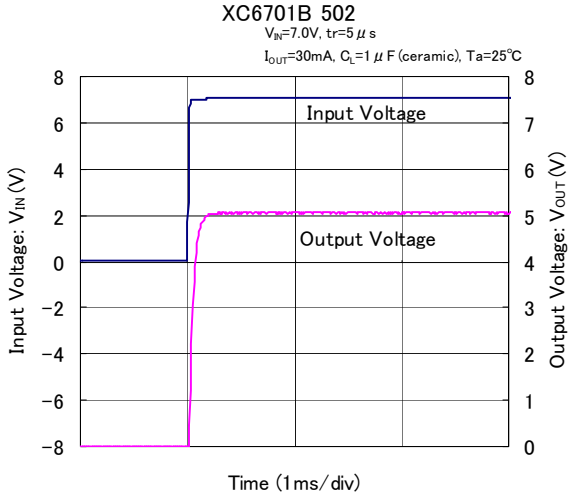


(8) Rising Response Time



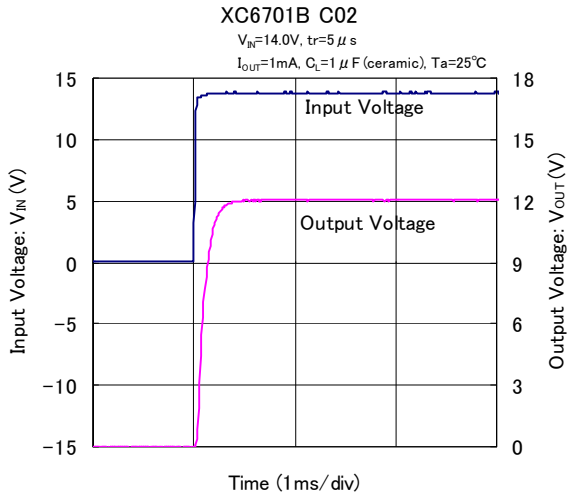


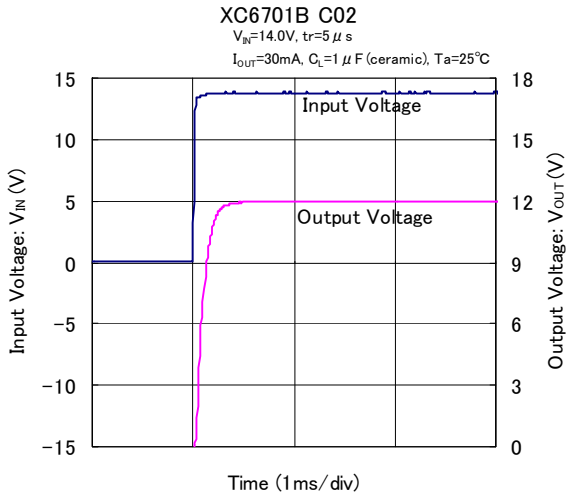


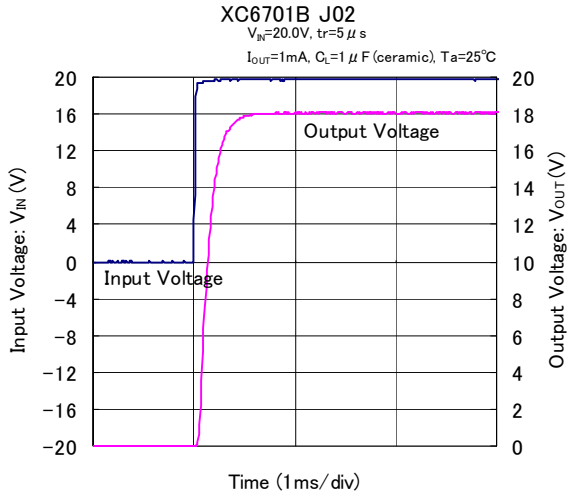


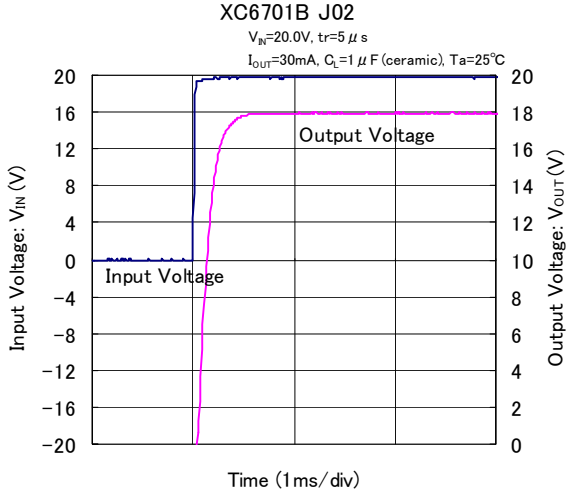
■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(8) Rising Response Time (Continued)

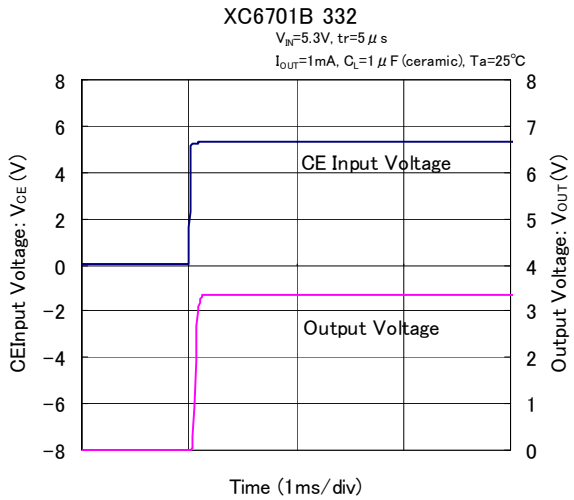


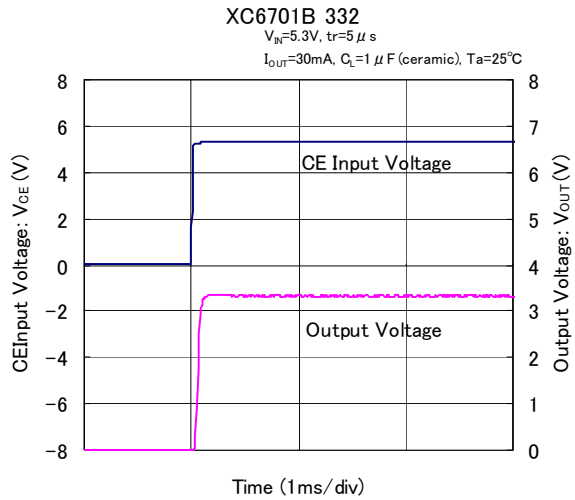






(9) CE Rising Response Time





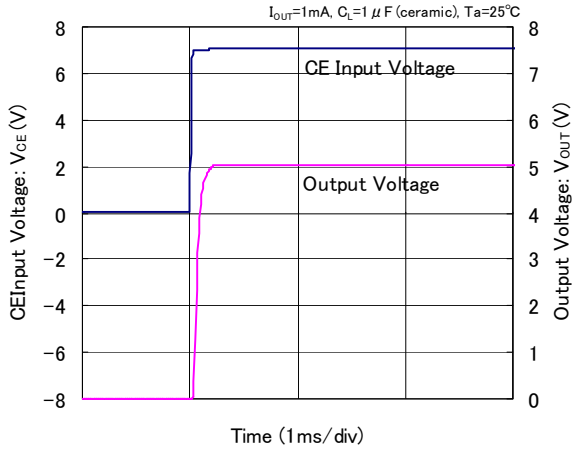
■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(9) CE Rising Response Time (Continued)

XC6701B 502

V_{IN}=7.0V, tr=5μs

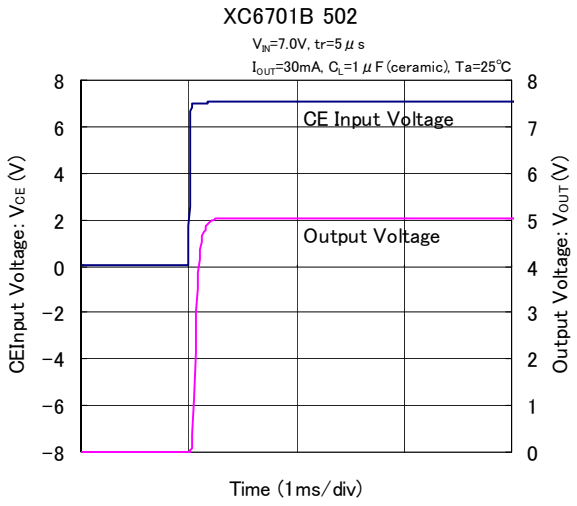
I_{OUT}=1mA, C_L=1μF (ceramic), Ta=25℃



XC6701B 502

V_{IN}=7.0V, tr=5μs

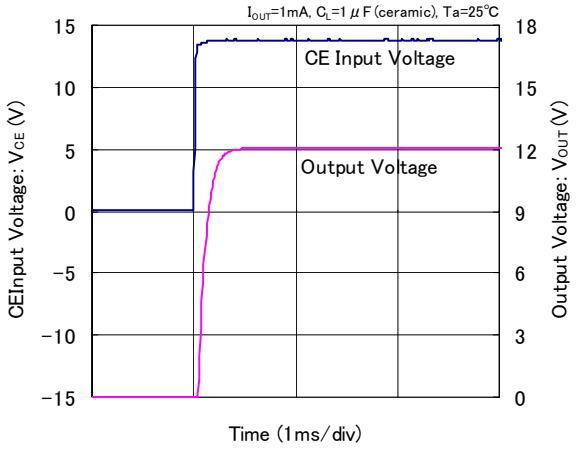
I_{OUT}=30mA, C_L=1μF (ceramic), Ta=25℃



XC6701B C02

V_{IN}=14.0V, tr=5μs

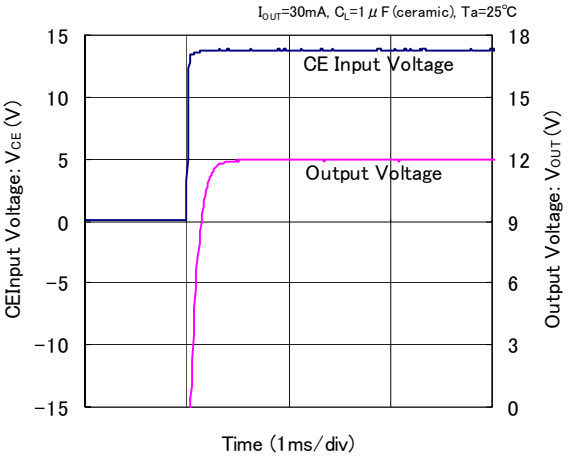
I_{OUT}=1mA, C_L=1μF (ceramic), Ta=25℃



XC6701B C02

V_{IN}=14.0V, tr=5μs

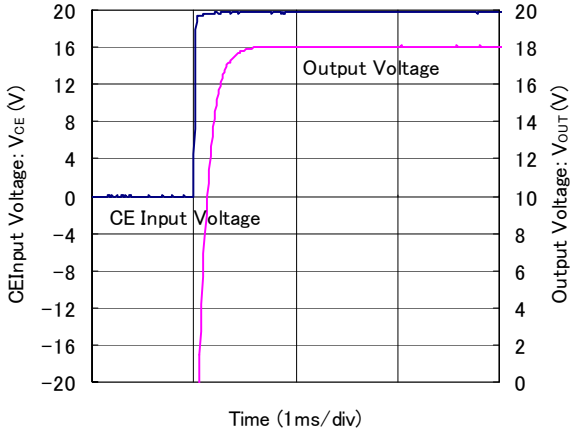
I_{OUT}=30mA, C_L=1μF (ceramic), Ta=25℃



XC6701B J02

V_{IN}=20.0V, tr=5μs

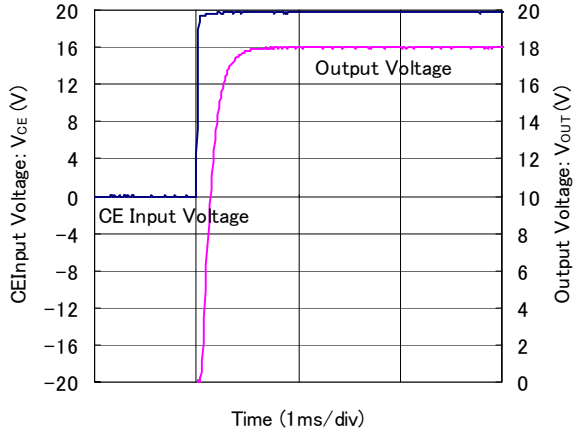
I_{OUT}=1mA, C_L=1μF (ceramic), Ta=25℃



XC6701B J02

V_{IN}=20.0V, tr=5μs

I_{OUT}=30mA, C_L=1μF (ceramic), Ta=25℃

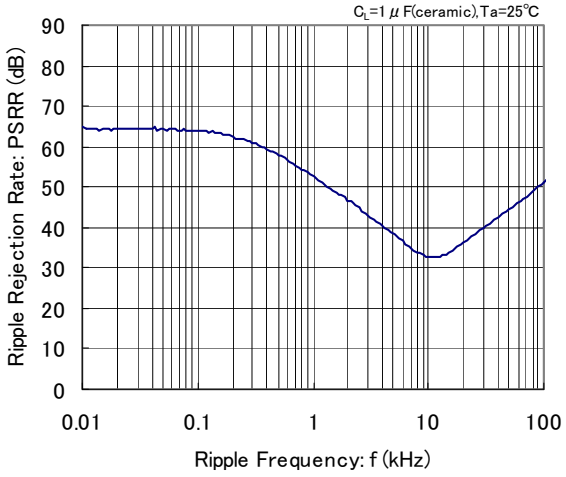


■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

（10）Ripple Rejection Rate

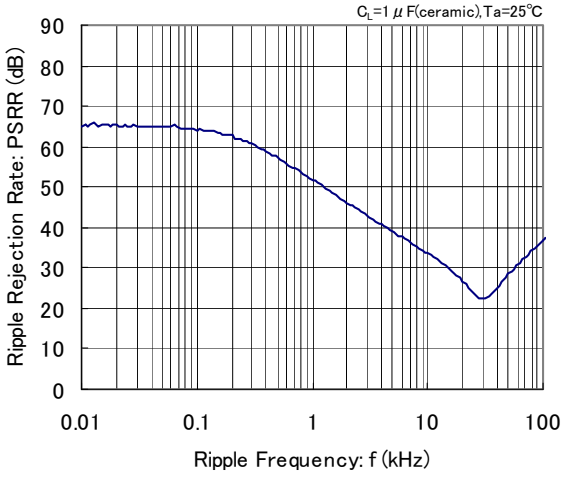
XC6701B/D 332

$V_{IN}=V_{CE}$=5.3Vdc+0.5Vp-p, I_{OUT}=1mA
C_L=1μF(ceramic),Ta=25℃



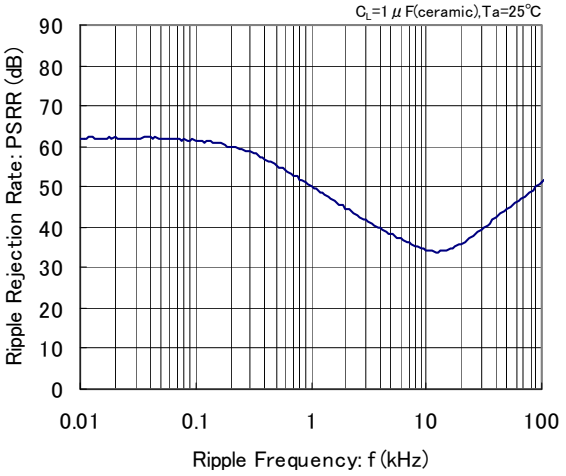
XC6701B/D 332

$V_{IN}=V_{CE}$=5.3Vdc+0.5Vp-p, I_{OUT}=30mA
C_L=1μF(ceramic),Ta=25℃



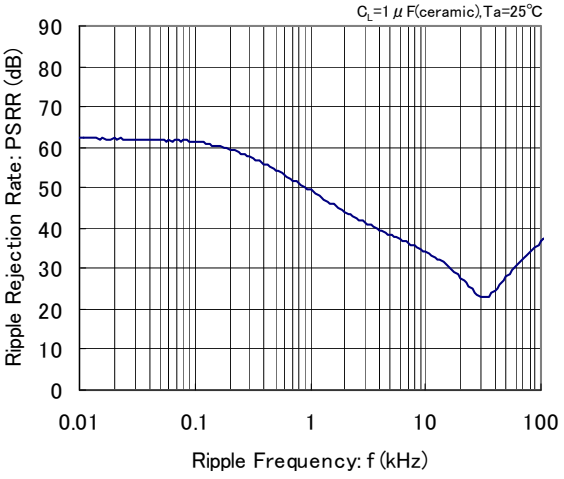
XC6701B/D 502

$V_{IN}=V_{CE}$=7.0Vdc+0.5Vp-p, I_{OUT}=1mA
C_L=1μF(ceramic),Ta=25℃



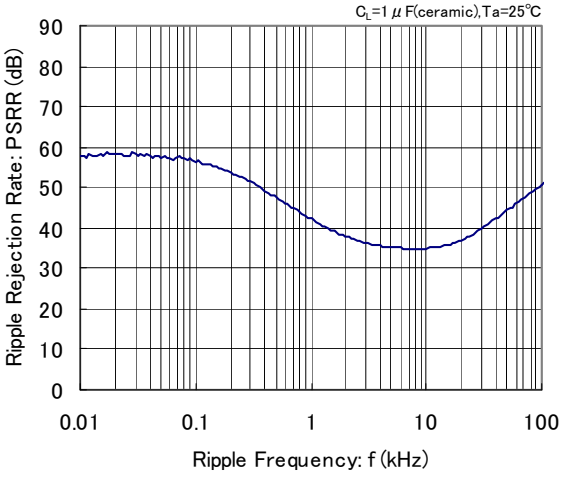
XC6701B/D 502

$V_{IN}=V_{CE}$=7.0Vdc+0.5Vp-p, I_{OUT}=30mA
C_L=1μF(ceramic),Ta=25℃



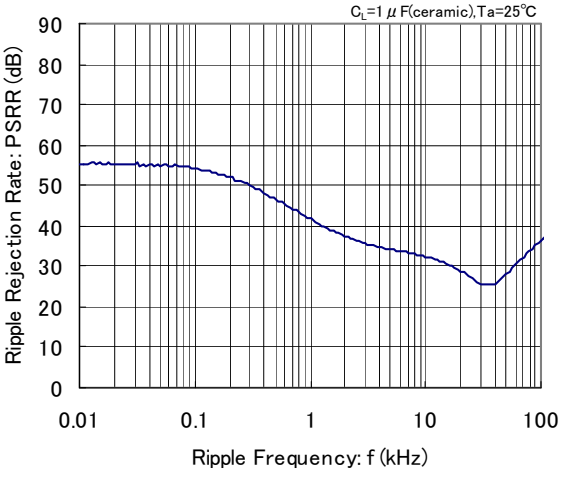
XC6701B/D C02

$V_{IN}=V_{CE}$=14.0Vdc+0.5Vp-p, I_{OUT}=1mA
C_L=1μF(ceramic),Ta=25℃



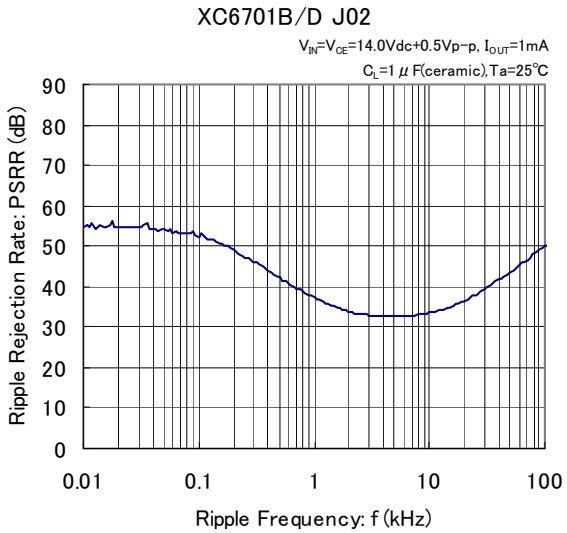
XC6701B/D C02

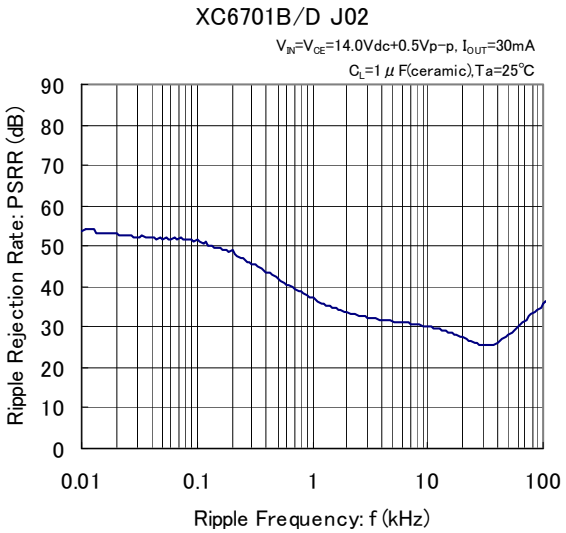
$V_{IN}=V_{CE}$=14.0Vdc+0.5Vp-p, I_{OUT}=30mA
C_L=1μF(ceramic),Ta=25℃



■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

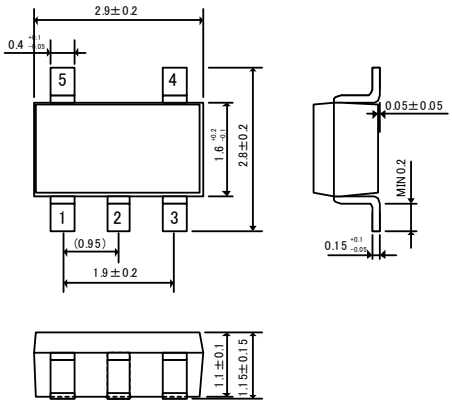
（10）Ripple Rejection Rate (Continued)



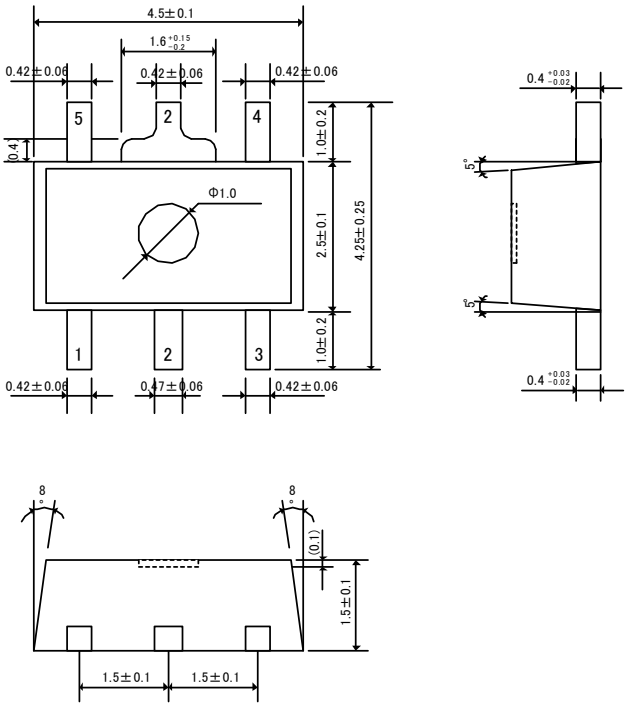


■PACKAGING INFORMATION

●SOT-25

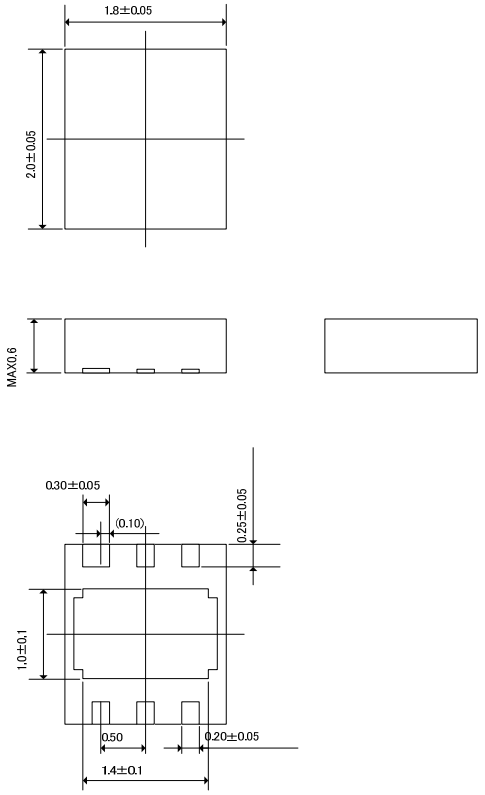


●SOT-89-5



●USP-6C

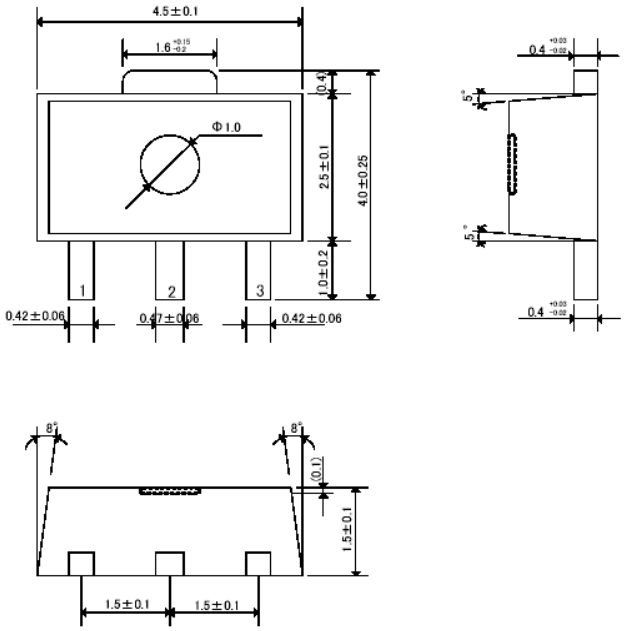
(unit : mm)



Note: The side of pins are not gilded, but nickel is used.

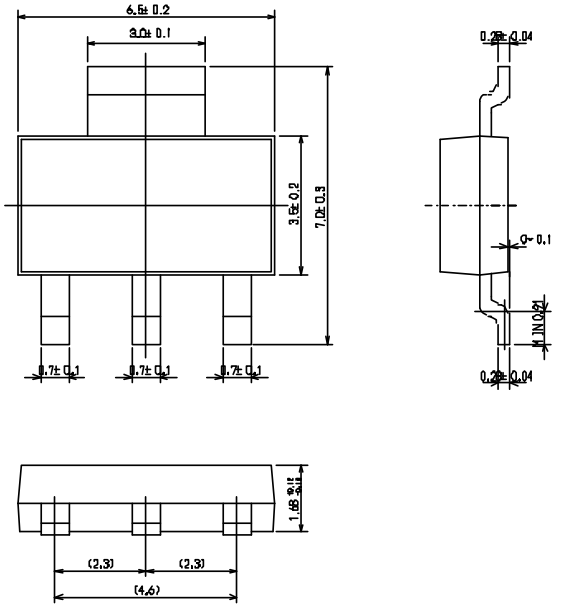
USP-6C Package

●SOT-89

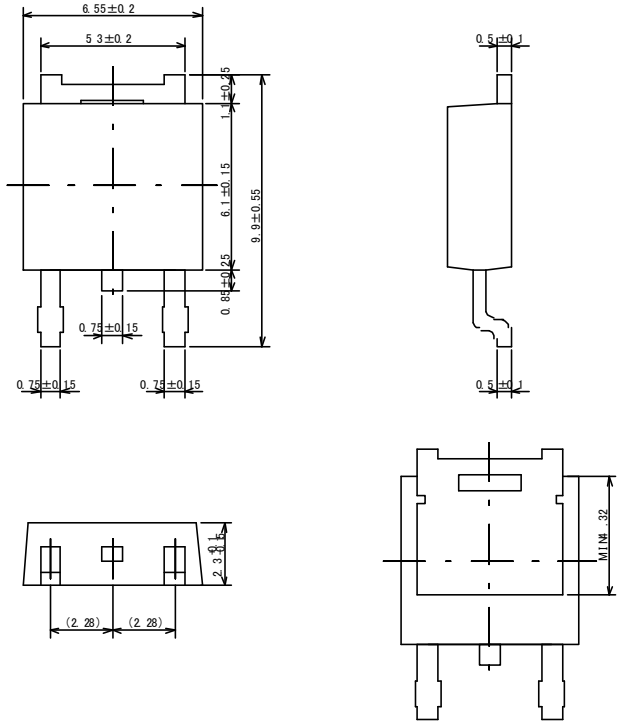


■PACKAGING INFORMATION (Continued)

●SOT-223

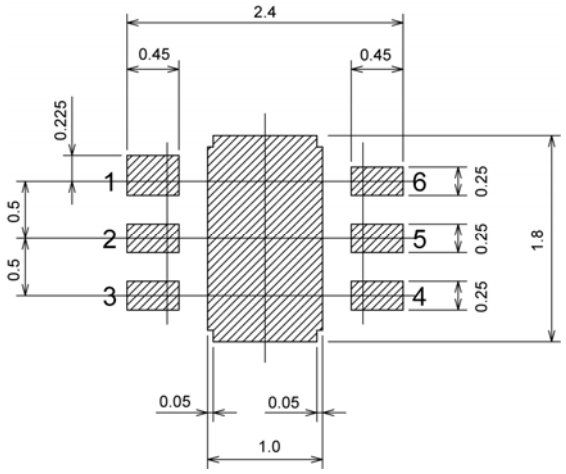


●TO-252

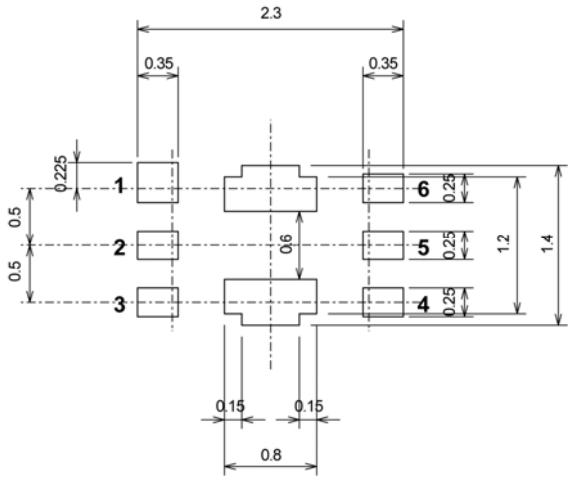


■PACKAGING INFORMATION (Continued)

●USP-6C Reference Pattern Layout



●USP-6C Reference Metal Mask Design



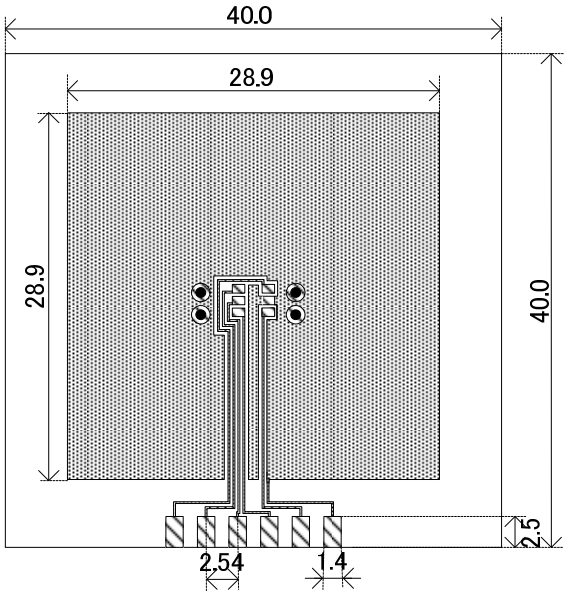
■PACKAGING INFORMATION (Continued)

● SOT-25 Power Dissipation

Power dissipation data for the SOT-25 is shown in this page.
The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions.
Please use this data as one of reference data taken in the described condition.

1. Measurement Condition (Reference data)

Condition:	Mount on a board
Ambient:	Natural convection
Soldering:	Lead (Pb) free
Board:	Dimensions 40 x 40 mm (1600 mm^2 in one side)
	Copper (Cu) traces occupy 50% of the board area
	In top and back faces
	Package heat-sink is tied to the copper traces
	(Board of SOT-26 is used.)
Material:	Glass Epoxy (FR-4)
Thickness:	1.6 mm
Through-hole: 4 x 0.8 Diameter	

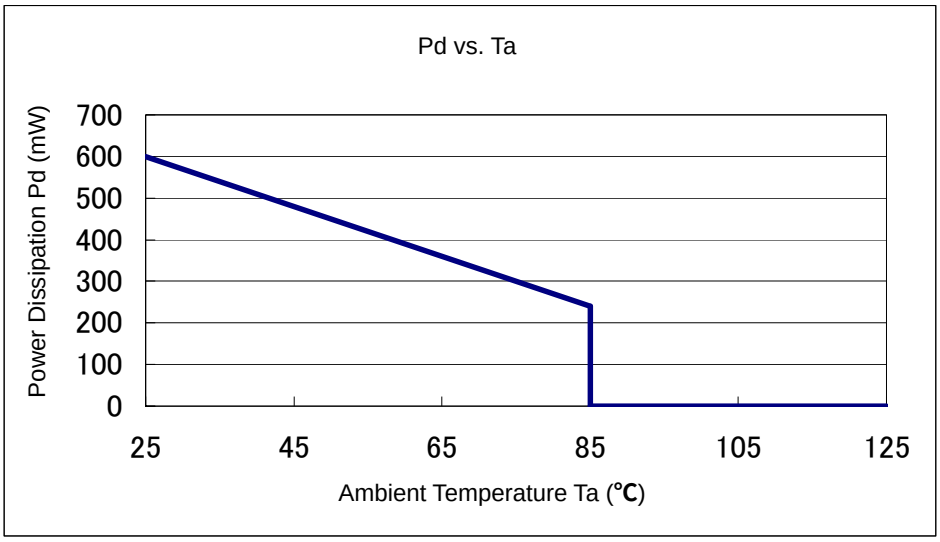


Evaluation Board (Unit: mm)

2. Power Dissipation vs. Operating temperature

Board Mount (Tj max = 125℃)

Ambient Temperature (℃)	Power Dissipation Pd (mW)	Thermal Resistance (℃/W)
25	600	166.67
85	240	



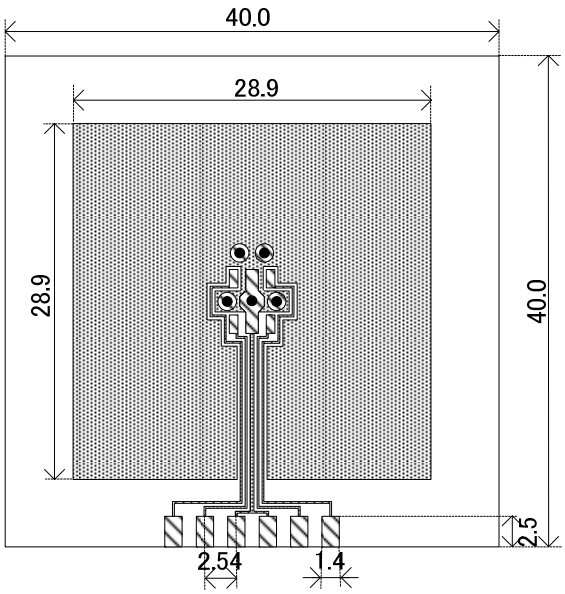
■PACKAGING INFORMATION (Continued)

● SOT-89-5 Power Dissipation

Power dissipation data for the SOT-89-5 is shown in this page.
The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions.
Please use this data as one of reference data taken in the described condition.

1. Measurement Condition (Reference data)

Condition:	Mount on a board
Ambient:	Natural convection
Soldering:	Lead (Pb) free
Board:	Dimensions 40 x 40 mm (1600 mm^2 in one side)
	Copper (Cu) traces occupy 50% of the board area
	In top and back faces
	Package heat-sink is tied to the copper traces
Material:	Glass Epoxy (FR-4)
Thickness:	1.6 mm
Through-hole: 5 x 0.8 Diameter	

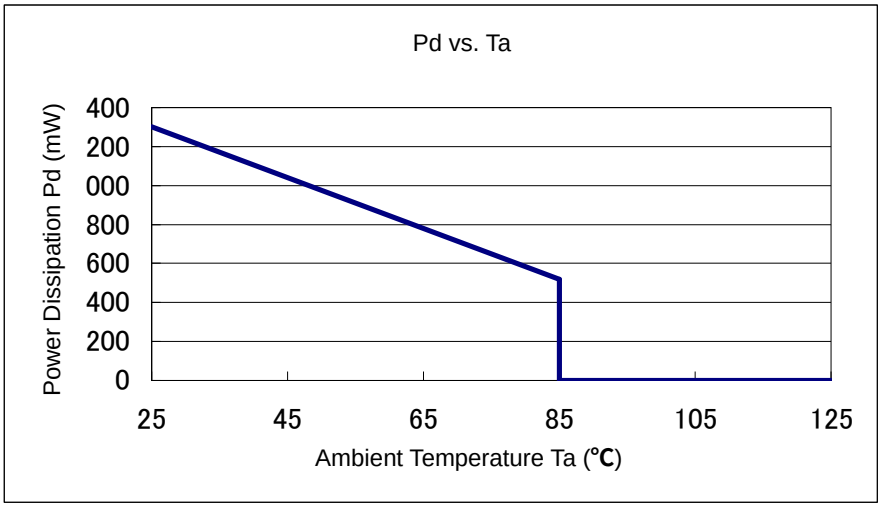


Evaluation Board (Unit: mm)

2. Power Dissipation vs. Operating temperature

Board Mount (Tj max = 125℃)

Ambient Temperature (℃)	Power Dissipation Pd (mW)	Thermal Resistance (℃/W)
25	1300	76.92
85	520	



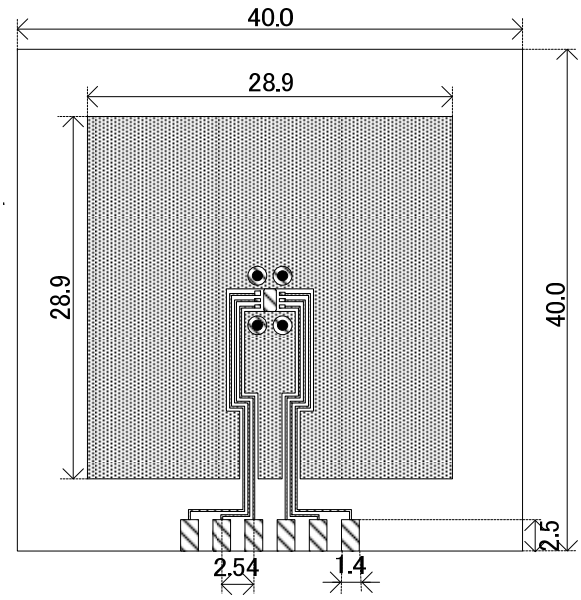
■PACKAGING INFORMATION (Continued)

● USP-6C Power Dissipation

Power dissipation data for the USP-6C is shown in this page.
The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions.
Please use this data as one of reference data taken in the described condition.

1. Measurement Condition (Reference data)

Condition:	Mount on a board
Ambient:	Natural convection
Soldering:	Lead (Pb) free
Board:	Dimensions 40 x 40 mm (1600 mm^2 in one side)
	Copper (Cu) traces occupy 50% of the board area
	In top and back faces
	Package heat-sink is tied to the copper traces
Material:	Glass Epoxy (FR-4)
Thickness:	1.6 mm
Through-hole: 4 x 0.8 Diameter	

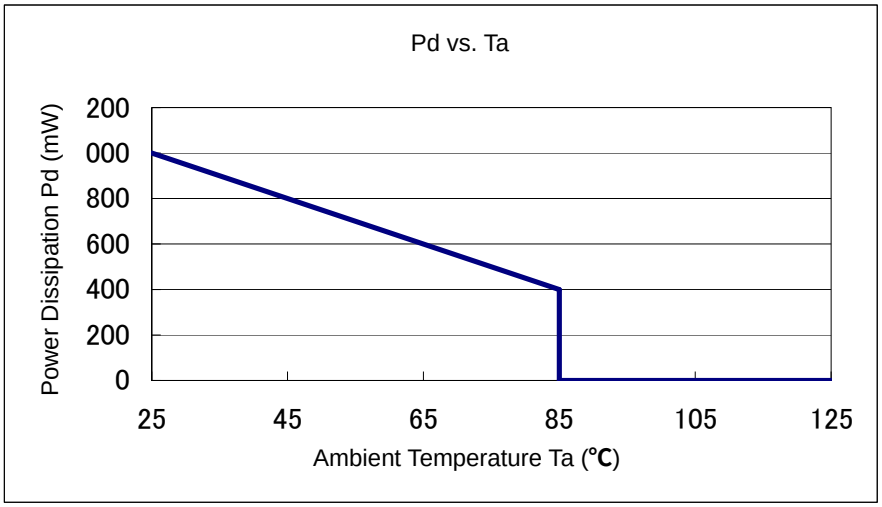


Evaluation Board (Unit: mm)

2. Power Dissipation vs. Operating temperature

Board Mount (Tj max = 125℃)

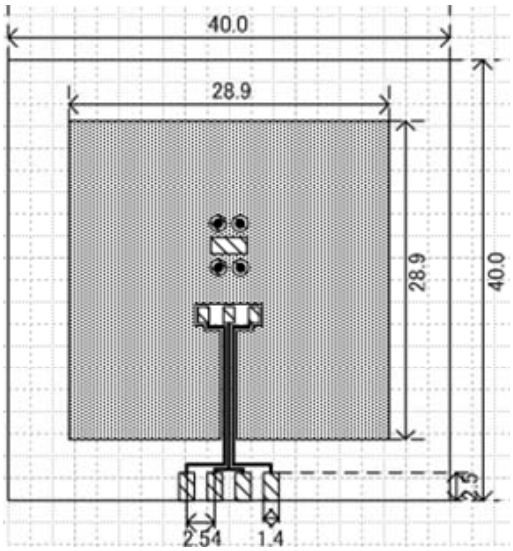
Ambient Temperature(℃)	Power Dissipation Pd(mW)	Thermal Resistance (℃/W)
25	1000	100.00
85	400	



■PACKAGING INFORMATION (Continued)

● SOT-223 Power Dissipation

Power dissipation data for the SOT-223 is shown in this page.
The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions.
Please use this data as one of reference data taken in the described condition.



Evaluation Board (Unit: mm)

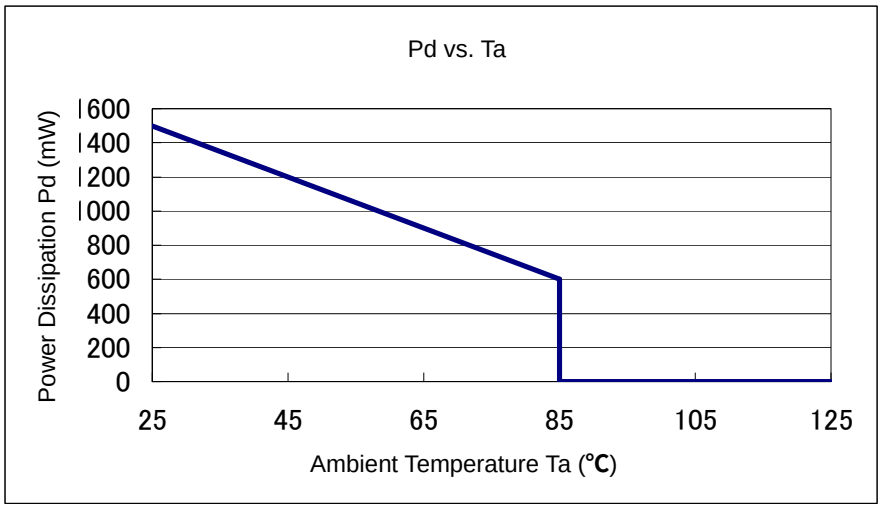
1. Measurement Condition (Reference data)

Condition:	Mount on a board
Ambient:	Natural convection
Soldering:	Lead (Pb) free
Board:	Dimensions 40 x 40 mm (1600 mm^2 in one side)
	Copper (Cu) traces occupy 50% of the board area
	In top and back faces
	Package heat-sink is tied to the copper traces
Material:	Glass Epoxy (FR-4)
Thickness:	1.6 mm
Through-hole: 4 x 0.8 Diameter	

2. Power Dissipation vs. Operating temperature

Board Mount (Tj max = 125℃)

Ambient Temperature(℃)	Power Dissipation Pd(mW)	Thermal Resistance (℃/W)
25	1500	66.67
85	600	



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